



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Nov 4, 2023 – 06:33 AM EDT

PDB ID : 4WHO  
Title : Resting Protocatechuate 3,4-dioxygenase (pseudomonas putida) at pH 8.5  
Authors : Knoot, C.J.; Lipscomb, J.D.  
Deposited on : 2014-09-23  
Resolution : 1.83 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.36  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

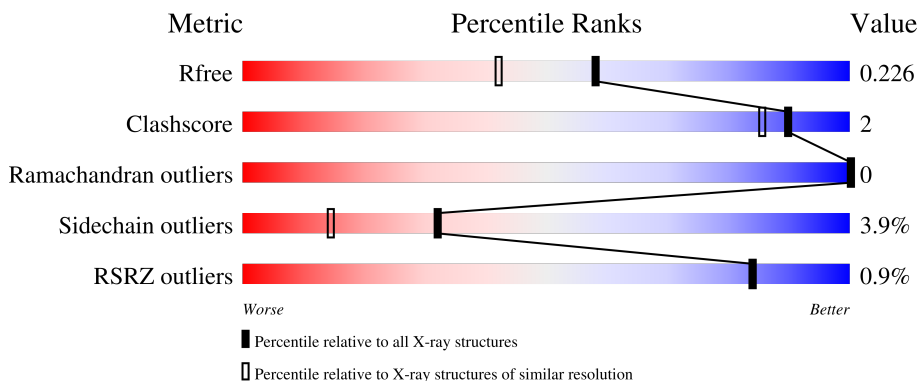
# 1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.83 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



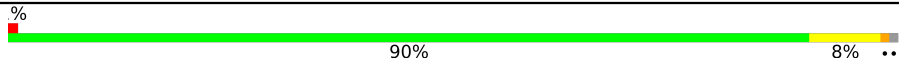
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	4003 (1.86-1.82)
Clashscore	141614	4233 (1.86-1.82)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4185 (1.86-1.82)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4186 (1.86-1.82)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3957 (1.86-1.82)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	200	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="width: 2%; height: 10px; background-color: red; margin-right: 2px;"></div> <div style="width: 94%; height: 10px; background-color: green; margin-right: 2px;"></div> <div style="width: 6%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow; margin-right: 2px;"></div> </div> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">2%      94%      6%</p>
1	C	200	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="width: 96%; height: 10px; background-color: green; margin-right: 2px;"></div> <div style="width: 2%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow; margin-right: 2px;"></div> <div style="width: 2%; height: 10px; background-color: orange; margin-right: 2px;"></div> </div> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">96%      ..</p>
1	E	200	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="width: 3%; height: 10px; background-color: red; margin-right: 2px;"></div> <div style="width: 92%; height: 10px; background-color: green; margin-right: 2px;"></div> <div style="width: 6%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow; margin-right: 2px;"></div> </div> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">3%      92%      6% .</p>
2	B	238	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="width: 91%; height: 10px; background-color: green; margin-right: 2px;"></div> <div style="width: 8%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow; margin-right: 2px;"></div> <div style="width: 1%; height: 10px; background-color: grey; margin-right: 2px;"></div> </div> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">91%      8% .</p>
3	D	238	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="width: 91%; height: 10px; background-color: green; margin-right: 2px;"></div> <div style="width: 7%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow; margin-right: 2px;"></div> <div style="width: 2%; height: 10px; background-color: orange; margin-right: 2px;"></div> </div> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">91%      7% .</p>

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
3	F	238	 A horizontal bar chart showing the quality of chain. The bar is primarily green, indicating a high quality of 90%. The remaining 10% is divided into a yellow section (8%) and a grey section (2%). A small red square is at the beginning of the bar. The text '90%' is centered below the green part, and '8%' is at the end of the yellow part. There are two small black dots at the very end of the bar. <p>%</p> <p>90%</p> <p>8% ..</p>

## 2 Entry composition

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 11269 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Protocatechuate 3,4-dioxygenase alpha chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	200	1575	996	277	299	3	0	0	0
1	E	200	1575	996	277	299	3	0	0	0
1	C	200	1575	996	277	299	3	0	0	0

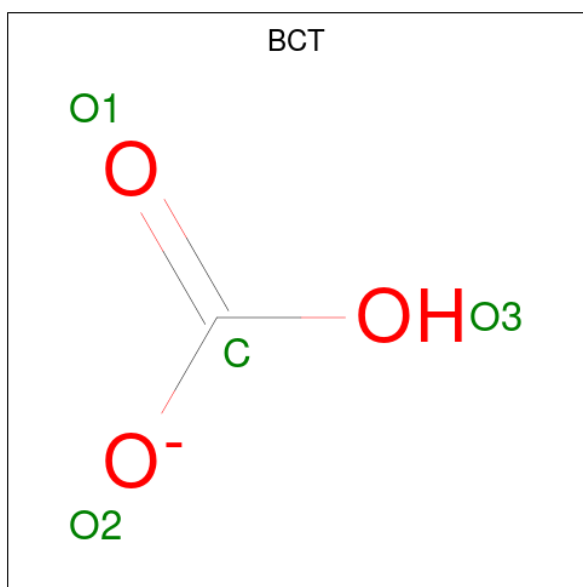
- Molecule 2 is a protein called Protocatechuate 3,4-dioxygenase beta chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
2	B	236	1869	1186	341	335	7	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Protocatechuate 3,4-dioxygenase beta chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
3	D	237	1876	1190	343	336	7	0	0	0
3	F	236	1868	1186	341	334	7	0	0	0

- Molecule 4 is BICARBONATE ION (three-letter code: BCT) (formula: CHO<sub>3</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C O 4 1 3	0	0

- Molecule 5 is FE (III) ION (three-letter code: FE) (formula: Fe).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	B	1	Total Fe 1 1	0	0
5	D	1	Total Fe 1 1	0	0
5	F	1	Total Fe 1 1	0	0

- Molecule 6 is BETA-MERCAPTOETHANOL (three-letter code: BME) (formula: C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>OS).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	B	1	Total	C	O	S	0	0
			4	2	1	1		
6	F	1	Total	C	O	S	0	0
			4	2	1	1		

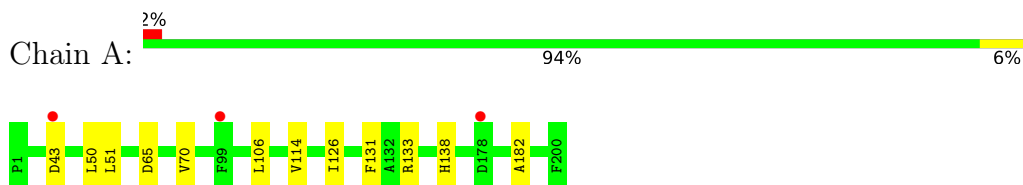
- Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	131	Total	O	0	0
			131	131		
7	E	106	Total	O	0	0
			106	106		
7	C	140	Total	O	0	0
			140	140		
7	B	175	Total	O	0	0
			175	175		
7	D	194	Total	O	0	0
			194	194		
7	F	170	Total	O	0	0
			170	170		

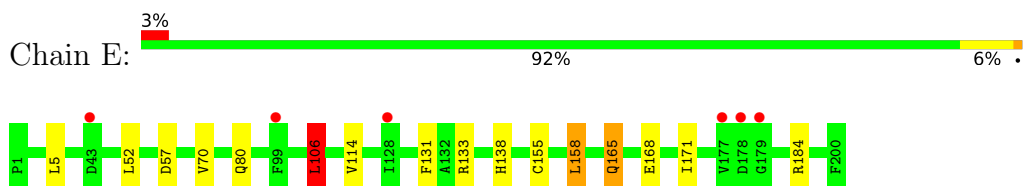
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

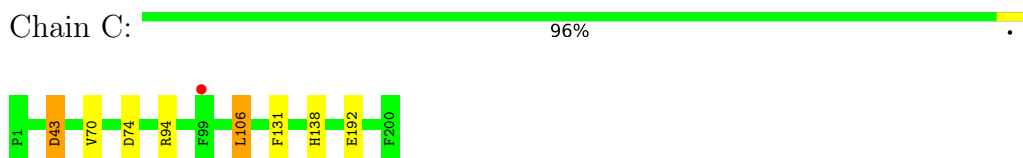
- Molecule 1: Protocatechuate 3,4-dioxygenase alpha chain



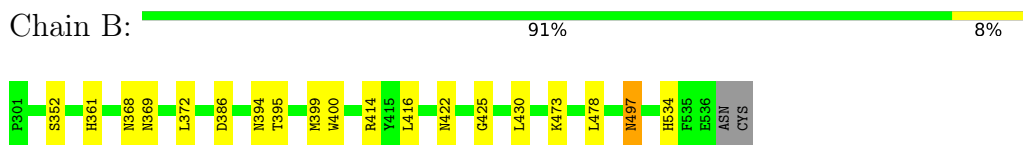
- Molecule 1: Protocatechuate 3,4-dioxygenase alpha chain



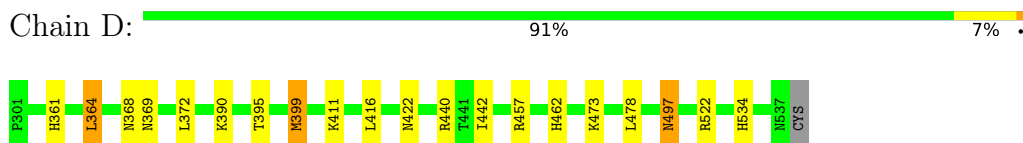
- Molecule 1: Protocatechuate 3,4-dioxygenase alpha chain




- Molecule 2: Protocatechuate 3,4-dioxygenase beta chain



- Molecule 3: Protocatechuate 3,4-dioxygenase beta chain



- Molecule 3: Protocatechuate 3,4-dioxygenase beta chain

Chain F:  % 90% 8% ..





## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	I 2 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	128.09Å 140.64Å 168.66Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	32.45 – 1.83 32.45 – 1.83	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	90.7 (32.45-1.83) 90.7 (32.45-1.83)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.16	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	5.31 (at 1.83Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.7.0029	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.180 , 0.216 0.194 , 0.226	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	6090 reflections (5.03%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	13.9	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.073	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.42 , 56.4	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.48$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	11269	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	22.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.80% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CSO, BCT, BME, FE

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.60	0/1615	0.75	0/2199
1	C	0.59	0/1615	0.79	3/2199 (0.1%)
1	E	0.57	0/1615	0.76	3/2199 (0.1%)
2	B	0.64	0/1917	0.79	1/2608 (0.0%)
3	D	0.60	0/1932	0.78	1/2630 (0.0%)
3	F	0.60	0/1924	0.75	0/2619
All	All	0.60	0/10618	0.77	8/14454 (0.1%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (8) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	C	106	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.68	128.37	115.30
1	C	74	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.64	123.37	118.30
1	E	184	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.62	123.11	120.30
2	B	386	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.42	123.18	118.30
1	E	57	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.36	123.12	118.30
1	C	94	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.35	117.62	120.30
3	D	457	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.09	122.84	120.30
1	E	106	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.07	126.96	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen

atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1575	0	1510	6	0
1	C	1575	0	1510	3	0
1	E	1575	0	1510	8	0
2	B	1869	0	1825	6	0
3	D	1876	0	1832	7	0
3	F	1868	0	1826	9	0
4	A	4	0	0	0	0
5	B	1	0	0	0	0
5	D	1	0	0	0	0
5	F	1	0	0	0	0
6	B	4	0	6	0	0
6	F	4	0	6	0	0
7	A	131	0	0	0	0
7	B	175	0	0	0	1
7	C	140	0	0	0	0
7	D	194	0	0	0	0
7	E	106	0	0	0	0
7	F	170	0	0	0	1
All	All	11269	0	10025	36	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

All (36) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:65:ASP:OD2	1:A:133:ARG:HD3	1.81	0.81
1:E:165:GLN:H	1:E:165:GLN:HE21	1.35	0.74
1:C:70:VAL:HG11	1:C:106:LEU:HD21	1.76	0.68
1:E:168:GLU:HA	1:E:171:ILE:HD12	1.76	0.65
3:D:369:ASN:H	3:D:422:ASN:HD22	1.51	0.56
3:F:369:ASN:H	3:F:422:ASN:HD22	1.54	0.56
1:E:133:ARG:HG2	3:F:326:THR:HG21	1.89	0.54
3:D:364:LEU:HD22	3:D:440:ARG:HG2	1.93	0.50
3:D:361:HIS:CD2	3:D:361:HIS:H	2.29	0.50
1:E:70:VAL:HG11	1:E:106:LEU:HD21	1.94	0.50
2:B:369:ASN:H	2:B:422:ASN:HD22	1.59	0.50
1:A:70:VAL:HG11	1:A:106:LEU:HD11	1.95	0.48
3:F:400:TRP:HA	3:F:425:GLY:O	2.15	0.47

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:51:LEU:HD11	1:A:126:ILE:HD12	1.96	0.46
3:D:497:ASN:HD22	3:D:497:ASN:C	2.19	0.46
1:E:155:CYS:HB3	1:E:158:LEU:HB2	1.98	0.46
3:D:478:LEU:C	3:D:478:LEU:HD23	2.37	0.45
2:B:478:LEU:HD23	2:B:478:LEU:C	2.37	0.45
2:B:497:ASN:C	2:B:497:ASN:HD22	2.21	0.44
3:F:361:HIS:H	3:F:361:HIS:CD2	2.35	0.44
3:F:497:ASN:C	3:F:497:ASN:HD22	2.21	0.44
1:E:5:LEU:O	3:F:387:GLN:HG2	2.18	0.44
1:A:131:PHE:CE2	1:A:138:HIS:HB3	2.53	0.43
1:C:43:ASP:OD1	1:C:43:ASP:N	2.50	0.42
1:E:131:PHE:CE2	1:E:138:HIS:HB3	2.55	0.42
1:C:131:PHE:CE2	1:C:138:HIS:HB3	2.54	0.42
1:A:50:LEU:O	1:A:182:ALA:HA	2.20	0.42
3:F:368:ASN:ND2	3:F:370:GLY:H	2.17	0.41
1:E:80:GLN:HE22	3:F:301:PRO:HD2	1.84	0.41
3:D:442:ILE:HD12	3:D:442:ILE:O	2.20	0.41
3:D:399:MET:HA	3:D:462:HIS:O	2.20	0.41
2:B:400:TRP:HA	2:B:425:GLY:O	2.21	0.41
1:A:51:LEU:CD1	1:A:126:ILE:HD12	2.52	0.40
2:B:361:HIS:CD2	2:B:361:HIS:H	2.39	0.40
3:F:399:MET:HA	3:F:462:HIS:O	2.20	0.40
2:B:352:SER:HA	2:B:430:LEU:HD21	2.03	0.40

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
7:B:740:HOH:O	7:B:740:HOH:O[2_555]	1.97	0.23
7:F:728:HOH:O	7:F:728:HOH:O[3_555]	2.12	0.08

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was

analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	198/200 (99%)	192 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
1	C	198/200 (99%)	192 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
1	E	198/200 (99%)	193 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
2	B	233/238 (98%)	228 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
3	D	235/238 (99%)	231 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
3	F	234/238 (98%)	231 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	1296/1314 (99%)	1267 (98%)	29 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	163/163 (100%)	161 (99%)	2 (1%)	71	61
1	C	163/163 (100%)	161 (99%)	2 (1%)	71	61
1	E	163/163 (100%)	158 (97%)	5 (3%)	40	23
2	B	199/201 (99%)	189 (95%)	10 (5%)	24	8
3	D	201/202 (100%)	189 (94%)	12 (6%)	19	5
3	F	200/202 (99%)	189 (94%)	11 (6%)	21	7
All	All	1089/1094 (100%)	1047 (96%)	42 (4%)	32	14

All (42) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	43	ASP
1	A	114	VAL
1	E	52	LEU
1	E	106	LEU
1	E	114	VAL

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	E	158	LEU
1	E	165	GLN
1	C	43	ASP
1	C	192	GLU
2	B	368	ASN
2	B	372	LEU
2	B	394	ASN
2	B	395	THR
2	B	399	MET
2	B	414	ARG
2	B	416	LEU
2	B	473	LYS
2	B	497	ASN
2	B	534	HIS
3	D	364	LEU
3	D	368	ASN
3	D	372	LEU
3	D	390	LYS
3	D	395	THR
3	D	399	MET
3	D	411	LYS
3	D	416	LEU
3	D	473	LYS
3	D	497	ASN
3	D	522	ARG
3	D	534	HIS
3	F	368	ASN
3	F	372	LEU
3	F	390	LYS
3	F	395	THR
3	F	411	LYS
3	F	416	LEU
3	F	473	LYS
3	F	493	LYS
3	F	497	ASN
3	F	522	ARG
3	F	534	HIS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (20) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	165	GLN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	E	165	GLN
2	B	361	HIS
2	B	368	ASN
2	B	412	ASN
2	B	422	ASN
2	B	497	ASN
2	B	503	GLN
3	D	361	HIS
3	D	368	ASN
3	D	412	ASN
3	D	422	ASN
3	D	497	ASN
3	D	503	GLN
3	F	361	HIS
3	F	368	ASN
3	F	412	ASN
3	F	422	ASN
3	F	497	ASN
3	F	503	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
2	CSO	B	429	2	3,6,7	1.17	0	0,6,8	-	-

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the

Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	CSO	B	429	2	-	0/1/5/7	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 6 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
6	BME	B	602	-	3,3,3	0.41	0	1,2,2	1.15	0
4	BCT	A	301	-	2,3,3	1.03	0	2,3,3	0.78	0
6	BME	F	601	-	3,3,3	0.19	0	1,2,2	0.20	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	BME	B	602	-	-	1/1/1/1	-

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	BME	F	601	-	-	1/1/1/1	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	F	601	BME	O1-C1-C2-S2
6	B	602	BME	O1-C1-C2-S2

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	200/200 (100%)	-0.23	3 (1%) 73 73	14, 20, 35, 53	0
1	C	200/200 (100%)	-0.33	1 (0%) 91 91	14, 20, 33, 46	0
1	E	200/200 (100%)	0.00	6 (3%) 50 47	15, 24, 40, 61	0
2	B	235/238 (98%)	-0.38	0 100 100	14, 18, 30, 40	0
3	D	237/238 (99%)	-0.41	0 100 100	15, 19, 31, 44	0
3	F	236/238 (99%)	-0.29	2 (0%) 86 86	14, 20, 31, 46	0
All	All	1308/1314 (99%)	-0.28	12 (0%) 84 84	14, 20, 34, 61	0

All (12) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	E	178	ASP	3.2
3	F	301	PRO	3.2
1	A	178	ASP	3.0
1	E	128	ILE	2.5
1	C	99	PHE	2.4
1	E	179	GLY	2.4
1	E	177	VAL	2.4
1	A	99	PHE	2.3
1	E	43	ASP	2.2
1	A	43	ASP	2.1
1	E	99	PHE	2.1
3	F	368	ASN	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column

labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
2	CSO	B	429	7/8	0.95	0.08	17,20,28,29	0

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
4	BCT	A	301	4/4	0.93	0.12	39,41,44,48	0
6	BME	B	602	4/4	0.94	0.14	23,33,36,44	0
6	BME	F	601	4/4	0.95	0.11	24,31,35,43	0
5	FE	B	601	1/1	0.99	0.04	17,17,17,17	1
5	FE	F	602	1/1	0.99	0.08	19,19,19,19	1
5	FE	D	600	1/1	1.00	0.06	18,18,18,18	1

### 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.