Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Jun 5, 2023 – 05:43 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	2MBH
BMRB ID	:	19399
Title	:	NMR structure of EKLF(22-40)/Ubiquitin Complex
Authors	:	Raiola, L.; Omichinski, J.G.
Deposited on	:	2013-07-31

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

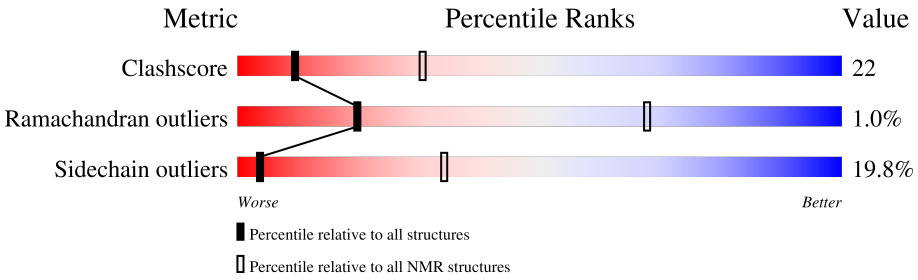
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.33

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 84%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	B	41	46% 54%
2	A	76	54% 33% 7% 7%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 17 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *closest to the average*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	**Residue range (total)**	**Backbone RMSD (Å)**	**Medoid model**
1	A:2-A:72 (71)	0.40	17

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20
2	4, 8, 15
Single-model clusters	10; 11

3 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1537 atoms, of which 769 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Krueppel-like factor 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	B	19	305	102	139	27	36	1	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	0	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q13351
B	1	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q13351

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Ubiquitin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
2	A	76	1232	378	630	105	118	1	0

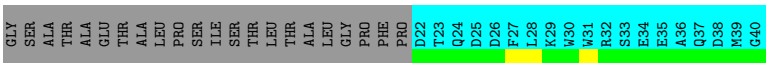
4 Residue-property plots

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

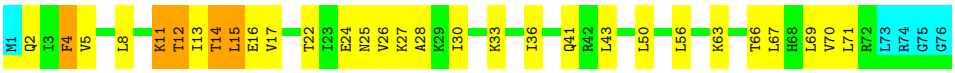
• Molecule 1: Krueppel-like factor 1

Chain B:



• Molecule 2: Ubiquitin

Chain A:



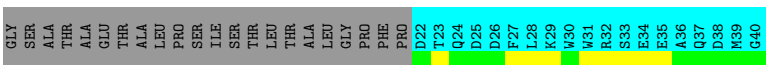
4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

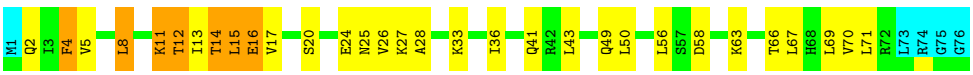
• Molecule 1: Krueppel-like factor 1

Chain B:



• Molecule 2: Ubiquitin

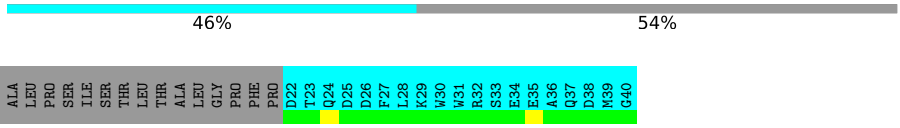
Chain A:



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

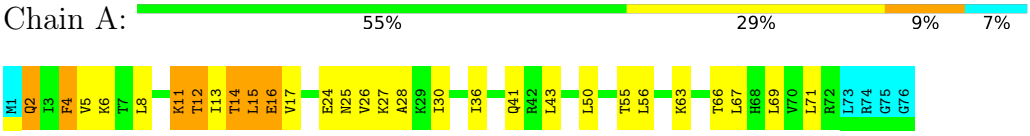
• Molecule 1: Krueppel-like factor 1

Chain B:



• Molecule 2: Ubiquitin

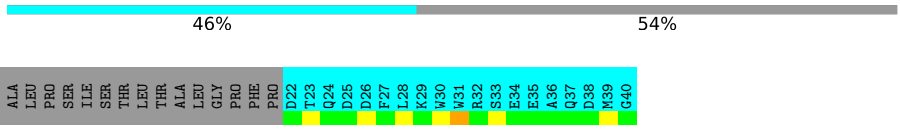
Chain A:



4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

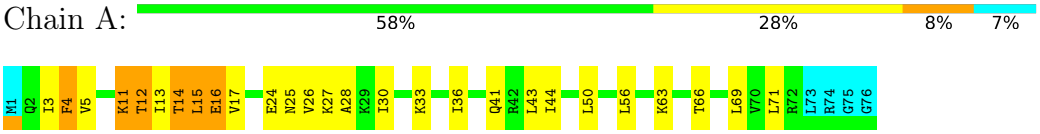
• Molecule 1: Krueppel-like factor 1

Chain B:



• Molecule 2: Ubiquitin

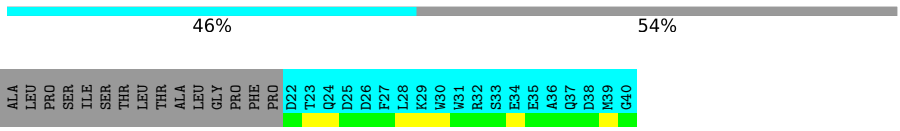
Chain A:



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

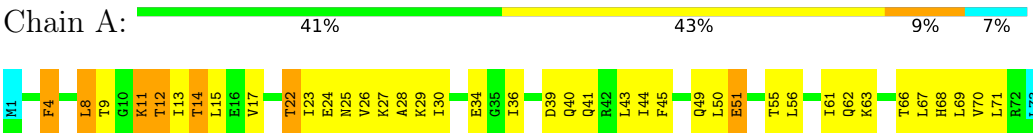
• Molecule 1: Krueppel-like factor 1

Chain B:



• Molecule 2: Ubiquitin

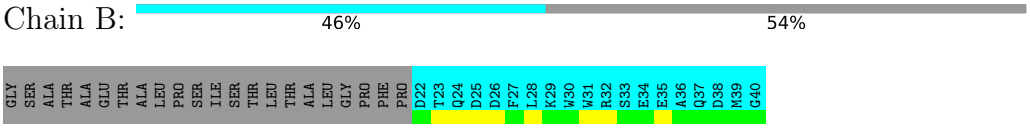
Chain A:



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

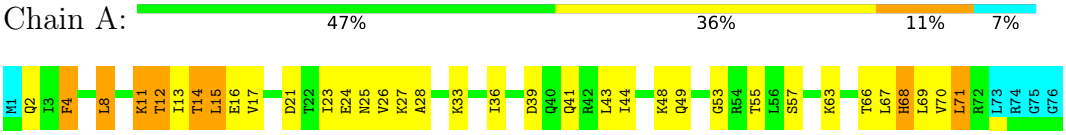
• Molecule 1: Krueppel-like factor 1

Chain B:



• Molecule 2: Ubiquitin

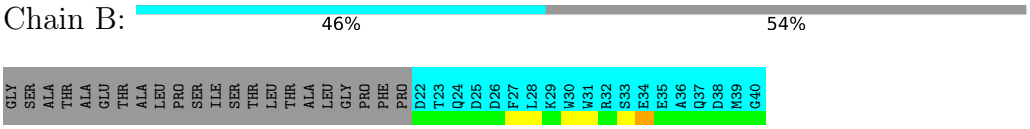
Chain A:



4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

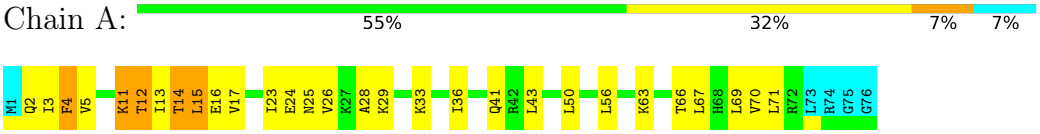
• Molecule 1: Krueppel-like factor 1

Chain B:



• Molecule 2: Ubiquitin

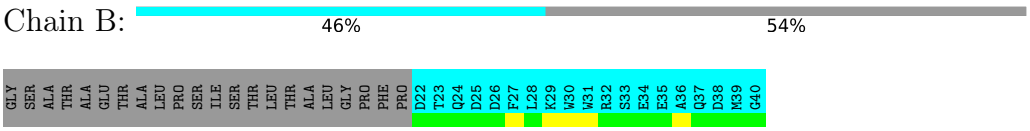
Chain A:



4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

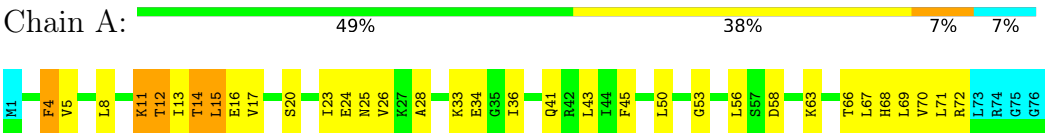
• Molecule 1: Krueppel-like factor 1

Chain B:



• Molecule 2: Ubiquitin

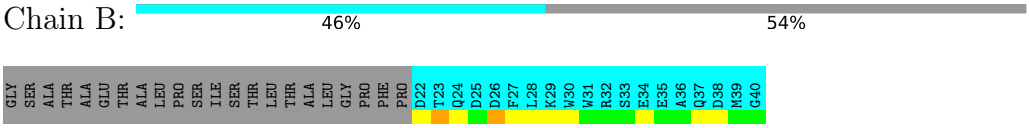
Chain A:



4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

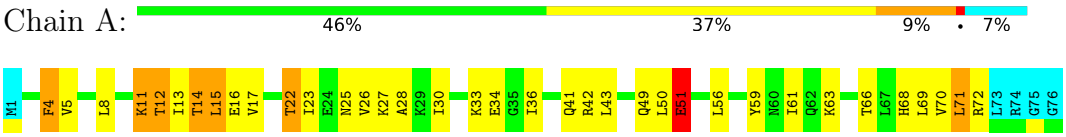
• Molecule 1: Krueppel-like factor 1

Chain B:



• Molecule 2: Ubiquitin

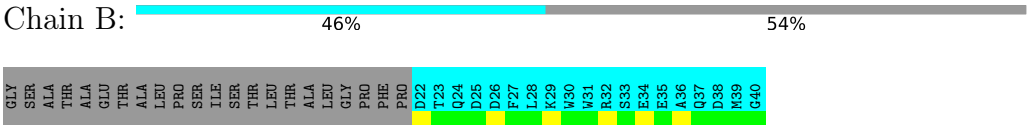
Chain A:



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

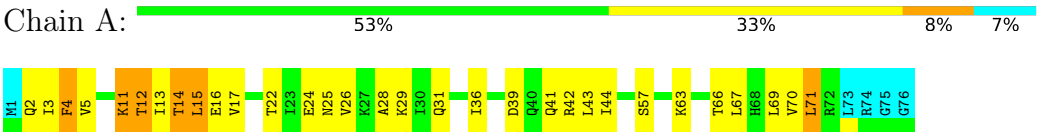
• Molecule 1: Krueppel-like factor 1

Chain B:



• Molecule 2: Ubiquitin

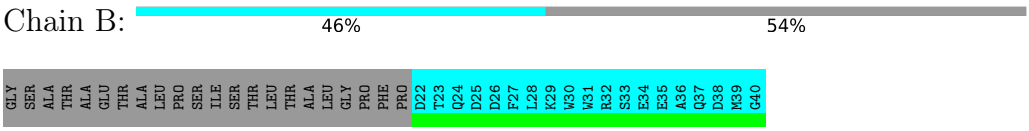
Chain A:



4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

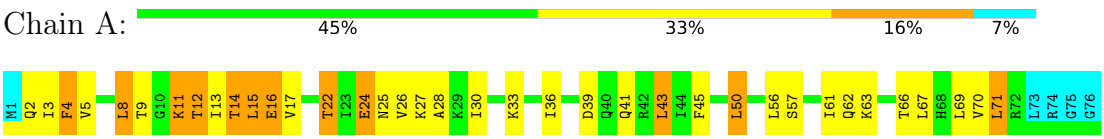
• Molecule 1: Krueppel-like factor 1

Chain B:



• Molecule 2: Ubiquitin

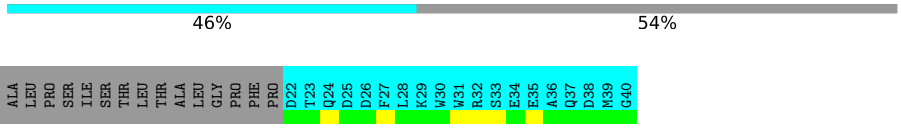
Chain A:



4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

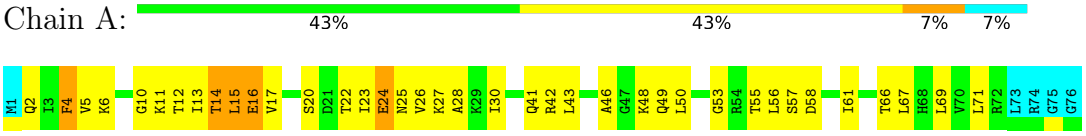
• Molecule 1: Krueppel-like factor 1

Chain B:



• Molecule 2: Ubiquitin

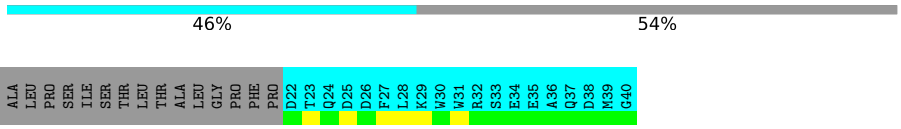
Chain A:



4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

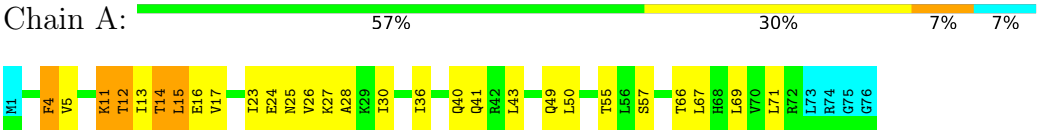
• Molecule 1: Krueppel-like factor 1

Chain B:



• Molecule 2: Ubiquitin

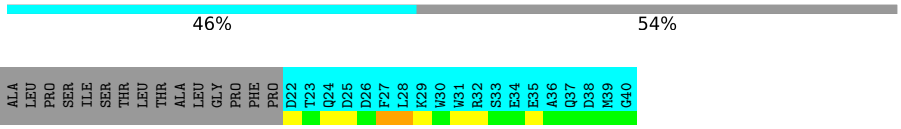
Chain A:



4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

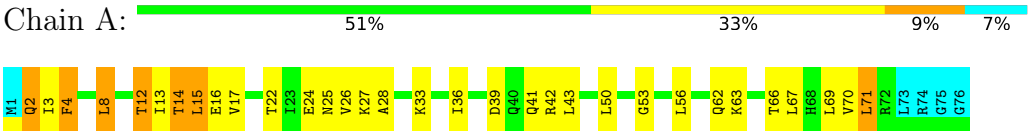
• Molecule 1: Krueppel-like factor 1

Chain B:



• Molecule 2: Ubiquitin

Chain A:



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: Krueppel-like factor 1

Chain B:

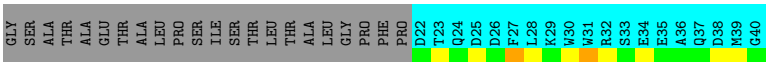
• Molecule 2: Ubiquitin

Chain A:

4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

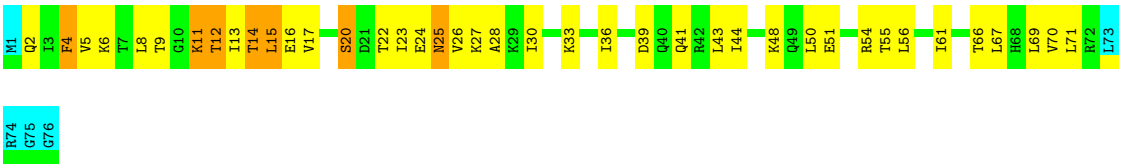
• Molecule 1: Krueppel-like factor 1

Chain B:



• Molecule 2: Ubiquitin

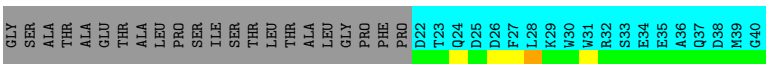
Chain A:



4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

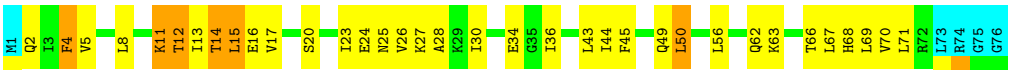
• Molecule 1: Krueppel-like factor 1

Chain B:



• Molecule 2: Ubiquitin

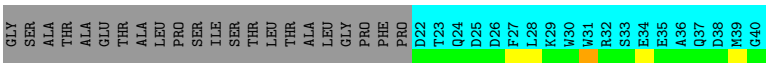
Chain A:



4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17 (medoid)

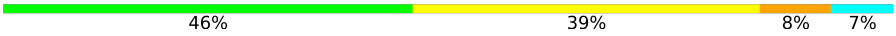
• Molecule 1: Krueppel-like factor 1

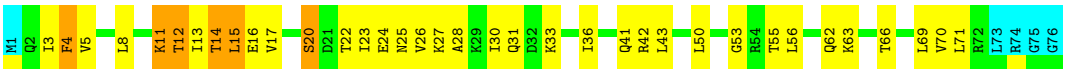
Chain B:



• Molecule 2: Ubiquitin

Chain A:

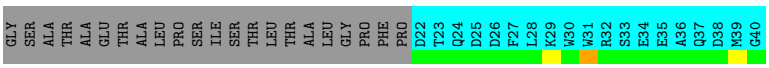




4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

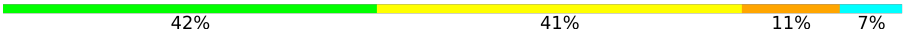
• Molecule 1: Krueppel-like factor 1

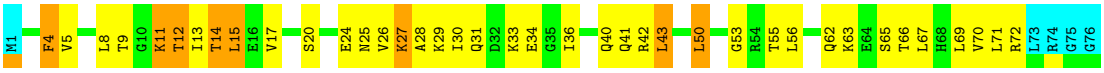
Chain B:



• Molecule 2: Ubiquitin

Chain A:

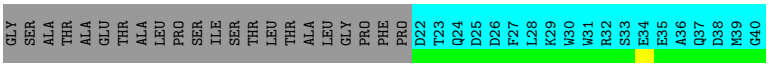




4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

• Molecule 1: Krueppel-like factor 1

Chain B:



• Molecule 2: Ubiquitin

Chain A:

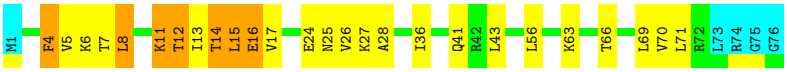
4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

• Molecule 1: Krueppel-like factor 1

Chain B:

• Molecule 2: Ubiquitin

Chain A:



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *DGSA-distance geometry simulated annealing.*

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy.*

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	structure solution	
CNS	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1133
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1133
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	84%

6 Model quality

6.1 Standard geometry

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	B	0	0	0	0±0
2	A	566	589	588	26±4
All	All	11320	11780	11760	518

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 22.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
2:A:17:VAL:HG11	2:A:26:VAL:HG13	1.15	1.15	8	20
2:A:36:ILE:HD13	2:A:71:LEU:HD21	0.90	1.39	13	7
2:A:43:LEU:HD23	2:A:50:LEU:HD22	0.81	1.53	4	4
2:A:27:LYS:CE	2:A:43:LEU:HD22	0.79	2.06	8	5
2:A:43:LEU:HD21	2:A:67:LEU:HD13	0.78	1.55	13	6
2:A:43:LEU:CD2	2:A:67:LEU:HD13	0.77	2.09	4	7
2:A:17:VAL:CG1	2:A:26:VAL:HG13	0.76	2.06	6	11
2:A:17:VAL:HG11	2:A:26:VAL:CG1	0.76	2.08	6	15
2:A:41:GLN:OE1	2:A:69:LEU:HD11	0.73	1.82	10	6
2:A:27:LYS:NZ	2:A:43:LEU:HD22	0.72	2.00	16	4
2:A:36:ILE:HD13	2:A:71:LEU:CD2	0.72	2.14	6	11
2:A:56:LEU:HD23	2:A:61:ILE:HB	0.71	1.62	15	5
2:A:15:LEU:HD12	2:A:17:VAL:HG13	0.70	1.64	8	19

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
2:A:43:LEU:HD23	2:A:50:LEU:CD2	0.68	2.17	4	5
2:A:15:LEU:HD13	2:A:16:GLU:N	0.67	2.04	20	18
2:A:56:LEU:HG	2:A:61:ILE:HD12	0.65	1.68	11	5
2:A:27:LYS:HE3	2:A:43:LEU:HD22	0.65	1.69	8	3
2:A:11:LYS:HE2	2:A:13:ILE:HD11	0.65	1.69	14	13
2:A:27:LYS:HE2	2:A:43:LEU:HD13	0.64	1.67	3	6
2:A:17:VAL:HG12	2:A:29:LYS:NZ	0.64	2.08	9	1
2:A:11:LYS:HE3	2:A:13:ILE:HD11	0.63	1.69	12	6
2:A:43:LEU:HD21	2:A:67:LEU:HB3	0.62	1.70	4	4
2:A:56:LEU:HD23	2:A:61:ILE:CG2	0.62	2.24	8	5
2:A:25:ASN:O	2:A:28:ALA:HB3	0.62	1.94	8	20
2:A:36:ILE:HD13	2:A:71:LEU:HD22	0.62	1.71	7	12
2:A:41:GLN:NE2	2:A:69:LEU:HD11	0.61	2.10	2	2
2:A:22:THR:O	2:A:26:VAL:HG23	0.60	1.95	8	8
2:A:27:LYS:CE	2:A:43:LEU:HD23	0.60	2.25	18	2
2:A:5:VAL:CG1	2:A:69:LEU:HD12	0.60	2.26	9	8
2:A:56:LEU:HD23	2:A:61:ILE:CB	0.60	2.27	4	5
2:A:43:LEU:HD12	2:A:69:LEU:HA	0.59	1.74	9	4
2:A:5:VAL:HG11	2:A:69:LEU:HD12	0.59	1.74	9	11
2:A:20:SER:O	2:A:55:THR:HG22	0.59	1.96	18	2
2:A:6:LYS:HB2	2:A:12:THR:HG23	0.59	1.75	11	4
2:A:41:GLN:HB2	2:A:69:LEU:HD21	0.58	1.75	14	16
2:A:56:LEU:HD23	2:A:56:LEU:N	0.57	2.14	20	12
2:A:27:LYS:NZ	2:A:43:LEU:HD23	0.57	2.14	18	1
2:A:27:LYS:HE3	2:A:43:LEU:HD13	0.57	1.76	4	7
2:A:5:VAL:HG13	2:A:43:LEU:HD11	0.56	1.78	9	4
2:A:43:LEU:HD11	2:A:67:LEU:HB3	0.56	1.77	7	1
2:A:45:PHE:CD1	2:A:67:LEU:HD23	0.56	2.36	7	4
2:A:27:LYS:HE2	2:A:43:LEU:HD22	0.55	1.79	15	1
2:A:24:GLU:O	2:A:28:ALA:HB2	0.54	2.01	5	19
2:A:43:LEU:HD21	2:A:67:LEU:CD1	0.54	2.31	13	4
2:A:41:GLN:CD	2:A:69:LEU:HD11	0.54	2.23	2	3
2:A:23:ILE:HD12	2:A:50:LEU:HD23	0.54	1.78	4	7
2:A:44:ILE:HG23	2:A:48:LYS:O	0.54	2.03	15	1
2:A:4:PHE:HB3	2:A:12:THR:HG22	0.54	1.80	13	17
2:A:43:LEU:HD12	2:A:68:HIS:O	0.54	2.03	7	3
2:A:8:LEU:HD22	2:A:8:LEU:O	0.54	2.03	16	1
2:A:69:LEU:HD23	2:A:70:VAL:N	0.53	2.18	20	13
2:A:8:LEU:CD1	2:A:70:VAL:HG13	0.53	2.34	20	1
2:A:2:GLN:HG2	2:A:14:THR:HG22	0.53	1.80	15	3
2:A:5:VAL:HG21	2:A:30:ILE:HD11	0.52	1.82	14	11

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
2:A:4:PHE:CD1	2:A:13:ILE:C	0.51	2.84	10	20
2:A:3:ILE:HG22	2:A:62:GLN:O	0.51	2.06	17	3
2:A:69:LEU:HD22	2:A:71:LEU:HD23	0.50	1.83	9	1
2:A:69:LEU:CD2	2:A:71:LEU:HD22	0.50	2.36	13	3
2:A:69:LEU:HD22	2:A:71:LEU:CD2	0.50	2.37	20	1
2:A:4:PHE:CE1	2:A:14:THR:N	0.49	2.80	10	19
2:A:8:LEU:HD12	2:A:70:VAL:HA	0.49	1.85	4	3
2:A:7:THR:HG22	2:A:69:LEU:HB3	0.49	1.84	20	1
2:A:36:ILE:HG21	2:A:41:GLN:HB3	0.48	1.85	6	3
2:A:27:LYS:HE3	2:A:43:LEU:HD23	0.48	1.85	18	2
2:A:8:LEU:HD13	2:A:8:LEU:C	0.48	2.29	16	1
2:A:8:LEU:CD1	2:A:70:VAL:HG22	0.48	2.38	10	1
2:A:43:LEU:HG	2:A:50:LEU:HD22	0.48	1.85	10	3
2:A:15:LEU:HD11	2:A:29:LYS:HD2	0.48	1.85	4	1
2:A:3:ILE:HD12	2:A:67:LEU:CD1	0.47	2.39	9	1
2:A:23:ILE:HG21	2:A:50:LEU:O	0.47	2.10	7	3
2:A:69:LEU:CD2	2:A:71:LEU:CD2	0.46	2.94	4	14
2:A:36:ILE:HD13	2:A:71:LEU:HD11	0.46	1.86	20	1
2:A:36:ILE:CD1	2:A:71:LEU:HD21	0.46	2.33	5	2
2:A:45:PHE:CD1	2:A:67:LEU:CD2	0.45	3.00	10	1
2:A:8:LEU:HD23	2:A:69:LEU:O	0.45	2.11	13	1
2:A:17:VAL:HG12	2:A:29:LYS:HZ3	0.45	1.70	9	1
2:A:43:LEU:HD23	2:A:50:LEU:HD23	0.45	1.89	15	2
2:A:69:LEU:HD23	2:A:69:LEU:C	0.44	2.33	8	2
2:A:69:LEU:CD2	2:A:71:LEU:HD23	0.44	2.43	18	2
2:A:23:ILE:HG22	2:A:27:LYS:HG2	0.44	1.89	5	1
2:A:20:SER:C	2:A:55:THR:HG22	0.44	2.33	11	2
2:A:2:GLN:HB3	2:A:14:THR:HG22	0.43	1.88	11	2
2:A:3:ILE:CD1	2:A:67:LEU:HD12	0.43	2.42	6	3
2:A:3:ILE:HD12	2:A:67:LEU:HD12	0.43	1.88	9	1
2:A:41:GLN:OE1	2:A:69:LEU:HD21	0.43	2.13	9	1
2:A:23:ILE:HG21	2:A:51:GLU:O	0.43	2.13	4	2
2:A:36:ILE:HG21	2:A:41:GLN:OE1	0.43	2.13	10	2
2:A:43:LEU:C	2:A:44:ILE:HD12	0.43	2.34	4	1
2:A:3:ILE:HG12	2:A:17:VAL:HG22	0.43	1.90	6	1
2:A:27:LYS:NZ	2:A:30:ILE:HD12	0.43	2.28	11	1
2:A:17:VAL:HG12	2:A:29:LYS:CE	0.43	2.44	18	1
2:A:8:LEU:HD11	2:A:70:VAL:HG13	0.42	1.90	20	1
2:A:69:LEU:HD21	2:A:71:LEU:HD22	0.42	1.91	5	1
2:A:44:ILE:HD12	2:A:44:ILE:N	0.42	2.29	4	1
2:A:44:ILE:CD1	2:A:70:VAL:HG23	0.42	2.44	19	5

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
2:A:27:LYS:HZ2	2:A:43:LEU:HD23	0.42	1.74	18	1
2:A:46:ALA:HB3	2:A:48:LYS:HE2	0.41	1.91	11	1
2:A:43:LEU:HD11	2:A:67:LEU:HD22	0.41	1.91	18	1
2:A:4:PHE:CD1	2:A:12:THR:HG22	0.41	2.51	6	1
2:A:17:VAL:HA	2:A:29:LYS:HZ3	0.40	1.76	6	1
2:A:15:LEU:CD2	2:A:30:ILE:CG1	0.40	2.99	4	1
2:A:44:ILE:CD1	2:A:70:VAL:CG2	0.40	2.99	9	1

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	B	0	-	-	-	-	
2	A	71/76 (93%)	64±2 (90±2%)	6±1 (9±2%)	1±1 (1±1%)	20	68
All	All	1420/2340 (61%)	1276 (90%)	130 (9%)	14 (1%)	20	68

All 6 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	A	53	GLY	7
2	A	50	LEU	3
2	A	51	GLU	1
2	A	39	ASP	1
2	A	10	GLY	1
2	A	62	GLN	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	B	0	-	-	-
2	A	65/68 (96%)	52±3 (80±4%)	13±3 (20±4%)	4 34
All	All	1300/2020 (64%)	1042 (80%)	258 (20%)	4 34

All 38 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	A	4	PHE	20
2	A	14	THR	20
2	A	66	THR	20
2	A	12	THR	19
2	A	15	LEU	19
2	A	11	LYS	18
2	A	63	LYS	16
2	A	8	LEU	14
2	A	33	LYS	13
2	A	2	GLN	8
2	A	49	GLN	7
2	A	16	GLU	6
2	A	34	GLU	6
2	A	71	LEU	6
2	A	20	SER	5
2	A	55	THR	5
2	A	39	ASP	5
2	A	57	SER	5
2	A	42	ARG	5
2	A	9	THR	4
2	A	72	ARG	4
2	A	58	ASP	3
2	A	22	THR	3
2	A	40	GLN	3
2	A	51	GLU	3
2	A	31	GLN	3
2	A	24	GLU	3
2	A	62	GLN	2
2	A	48	LYS	2
2	A	43	LEU	2
2	A	25	ASN	2
2	A	21	ASP	1
2	A	68	HIS	1
2	A	59	TYR	1
2	A	32	ASP	1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	A	54	ARG	1
2	A	27	LYS	1
2	A	65	SER	1

6.3.3 RNA

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 84% for the well-defined parts and 85% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1133
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1133
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	3

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction ± precision, *ppm*	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	92	0.09 ± 0.27	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	88	0.14 ± 0.14	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	18	—	None (insufficient data)
^{15}N	89	0.34 ± 0.39	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 84%, i.e. 847 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1004. 0 out of 12 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	278/353 (79%)	141/143 (99%)	71/142 (50%)	66/68 (97%)
Sidechain	558/614 (91%)	379/396 (96%)	172/194 (89%)	7/24 (29%)

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	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Aromatic	11/37 (30%)	11/18 (61%)	0/17 (0%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	847/1004 (84%)	531/557 (95%)	243/353 (69%)	73/94 (78%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 85%, i.e. 1133 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1328. 0 out of 14 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	390/476 (82%)	191/194 (98%)	110/190 (58%)	89/92 (97%)
Sidechain	700/781 (90%)	475/501 (95%)	215/247 (87%)	10/33 (30%)
Aromatic	43/71 (61%)	27/35 (77%)	14/32 (44%)	2/4 (50%)
Overall	1133/1328 (85%)	693/730 (95%)	339/469 (72%)	101/129 (78%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

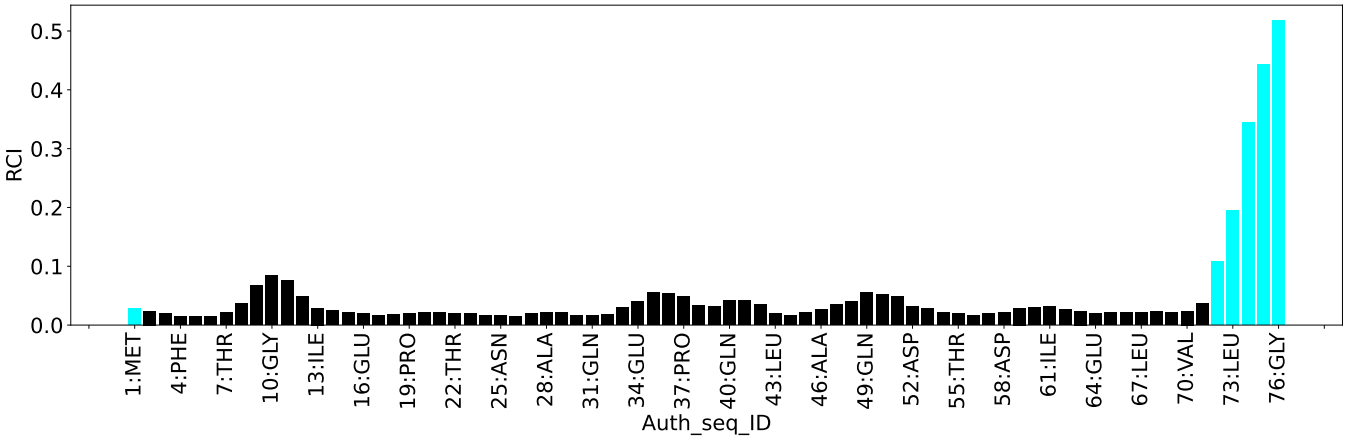
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, *ppm*	Expected range, *ppm*	Z-score
1	B	32	ARG	NE	108.42	76.53 – 92.65	14.8
1	B	30	TRP	CZ3	129.46	113.48 – 129.28	5.1
1	B	31	TRP	CZ3	129.42	113.48 – 129.28	5.1

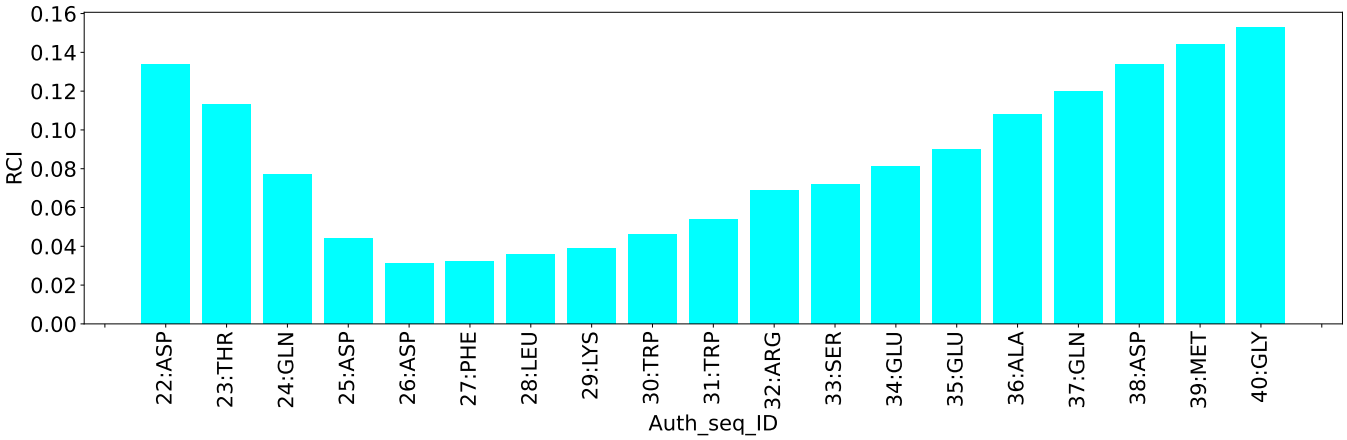
7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



Random coil index (RCI) for chain B:



8 NMR restraints analysis

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	1472
Intra-residue (|i-j|=0)	725
Sequential (|i-j|=1)	262
Medium range (|i-j|>1 and |i-j|<5)	175
Long range (|i-j|≥5)	256
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	54
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	91
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	13.4
Number of long range restraints per residue[1]	2.4

[1]Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	0.8	0.16
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	None	None
>0.5 (Large)	None	None

8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.There are no dihedral-angle violations

9 Distance violation analysis (i)

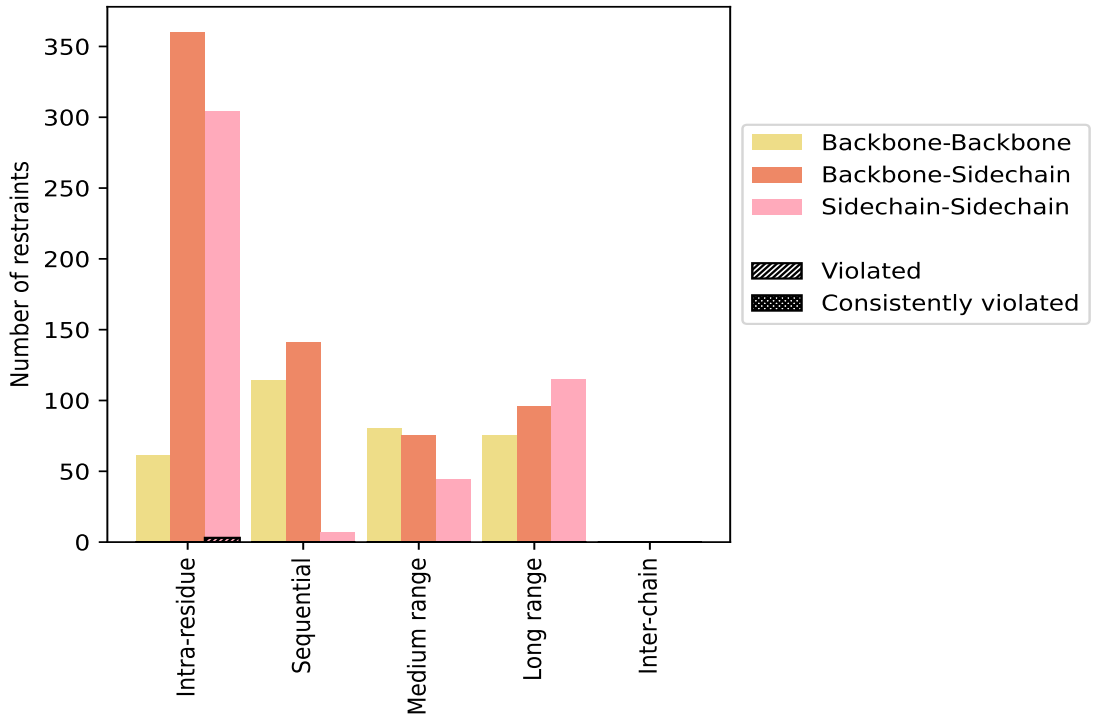
9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Restraints type	Count	%[1]	Violated[3]			Consistently Violated[4]		
			Count	%[2]	%[1]	Count	%[2]	%[1]
Intra-residue (|i-j|=0)	725	49.3	3	0.4	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	61	4.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	360	24.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	304	20.7	3	1.0	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential (|i-j|=1)	262	17.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	114	7.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	141	9.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	7	0.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range (|i-j|>1 & |i-j|<5)	175	11.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	56	3.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	75	5.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	44	3.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Long range (|i-j|≥5)	256	17.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	45	3.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	96	6.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	115	7.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	54	3.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	1472	100.0	3	0.2	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	330	22.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	672	45.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	470	31.9	3	0.6	0.2	0	0.0	0.0

[1] percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, [2] percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, [3] violated in at least one model, [4] violated in all the models

9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD[6] (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR[1]	SQ[2]	MR[3]	LR[4]	IC[5]	Total				
1	3	0	0	0	0	3	0.14	0.16	0.01	0.14
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	2	0	0	0	0	2	0.14	0.14	0.01	0.14
5	1	0	0	0	0	1	0.16	0.16	0.0	0.16
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7	1	0	0	0	0	1	0.15	0.15	0.0	0.15
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
11	2	0	0	0	0	2	0.14	0.14	0.01	0.14

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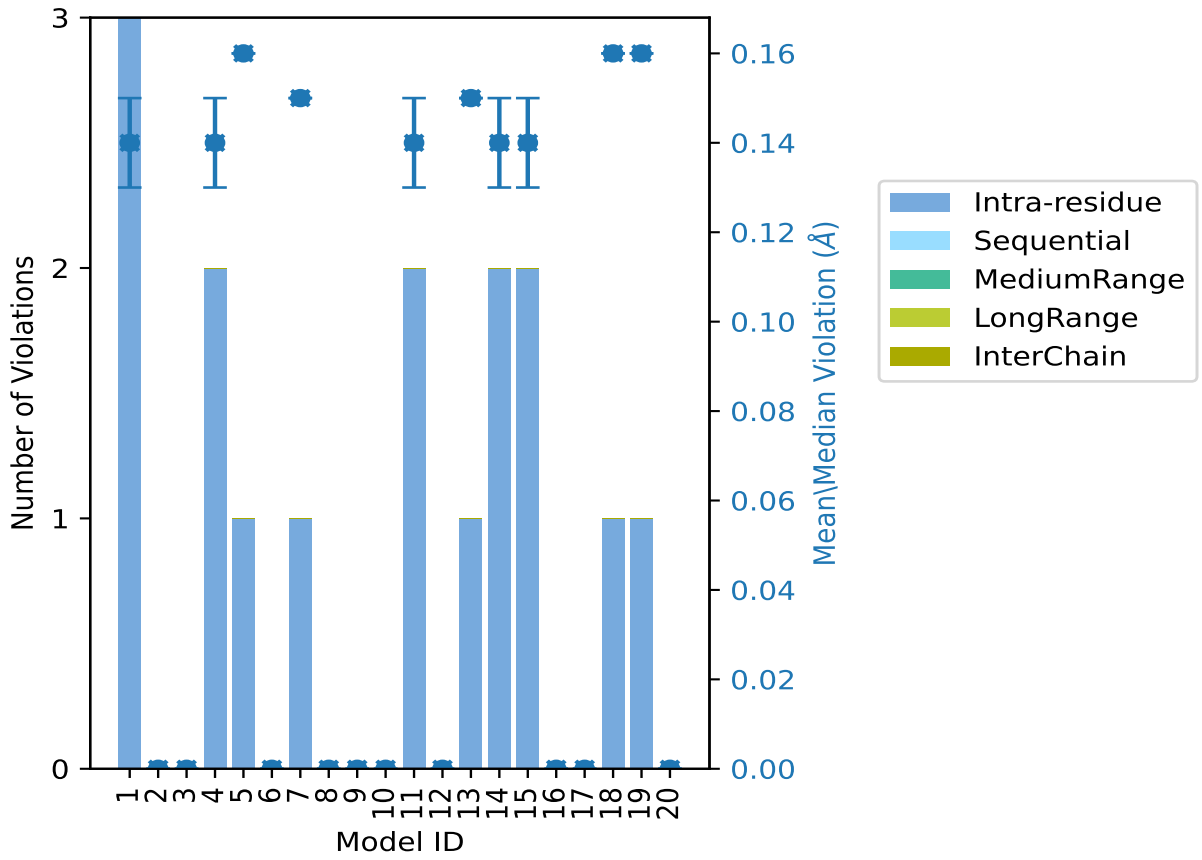
Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD[6] (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR[1]	SQ[2]	MR[3]	LR[4]	IC[5]	Total				
12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
13	1	0	0	0	0	1	0.15	0.15	0.0	0.15
14	2	0	0	0	0	2	0.14	0.14	0.01	0.14
15	2	0	0	0	0	2	0.14	0.14	0.01	0.14
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
18	1	0	0	0	0	1	0.16	0.16	0.0	0.16
19	1	0	0	0	0	1	0.16	0.16	0.0	0.16
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

[1]Intra-residue restraints, [2]Sequential restraints, [3]Medium range restraints, [4]Long range restraints, [5]Inter-chain restraints, [6]Standard deviation

9.2.1 Bar graph : Distance Violation statistics for each model



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

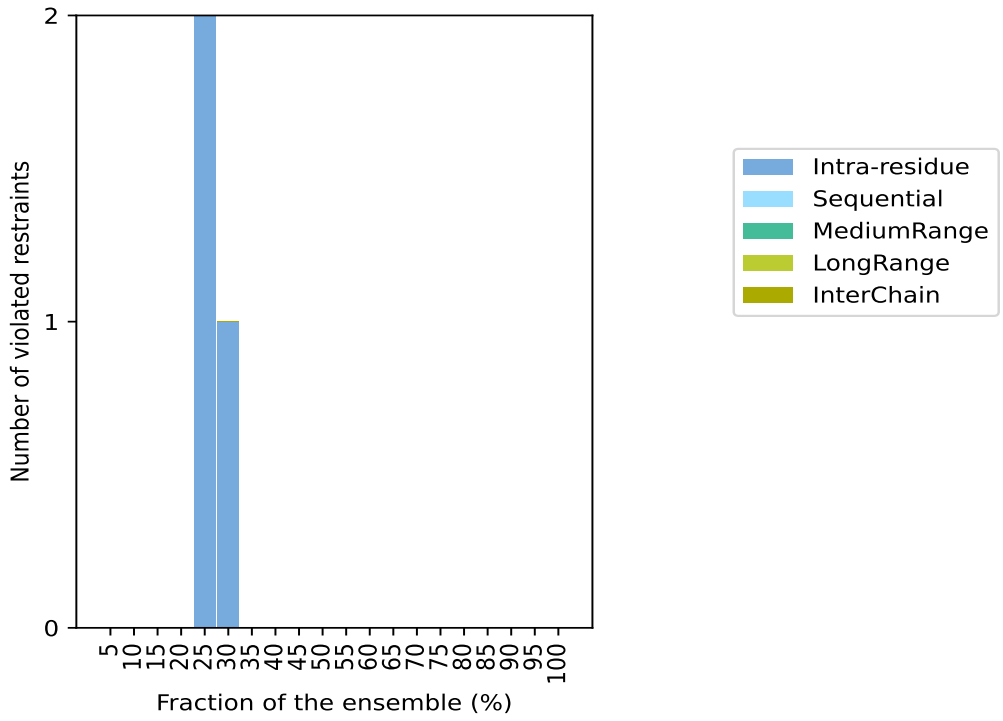
9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 1415(IR:722, SQ:262, MR:175, LR:256, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Number of violated restraints						Fraction of the ensemble	
IR[1]	SQ[2]	MR[3]	LR[4]	IC[5]	Total	Count[6]	%
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	2	10.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	3	15.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	4	20.0
2	0	0	0	0	2	5	25.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	6	30.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	7	35.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	8	40.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	9	45.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	10	50.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	11	55.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	12	60.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	13	65.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	14	70.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	16	80.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	17	85.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	18	90.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	19	95.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	20	100.0

[1]Intra-residue restraints, [2]Sequential restraints, [3]Medium range restraints, [4]Long range restraints, [5]Inter-chain restraints, [6] Number of models with violations

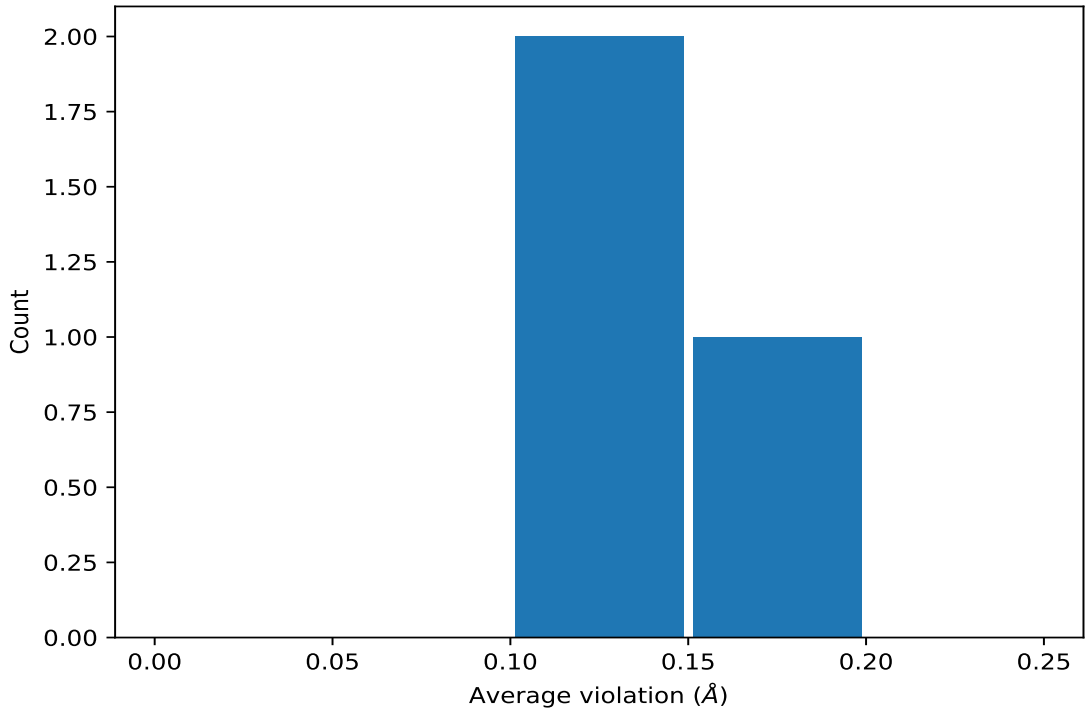
9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble



9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble

9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble



9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violation for each restraint sorted by number of violated models and the mean value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

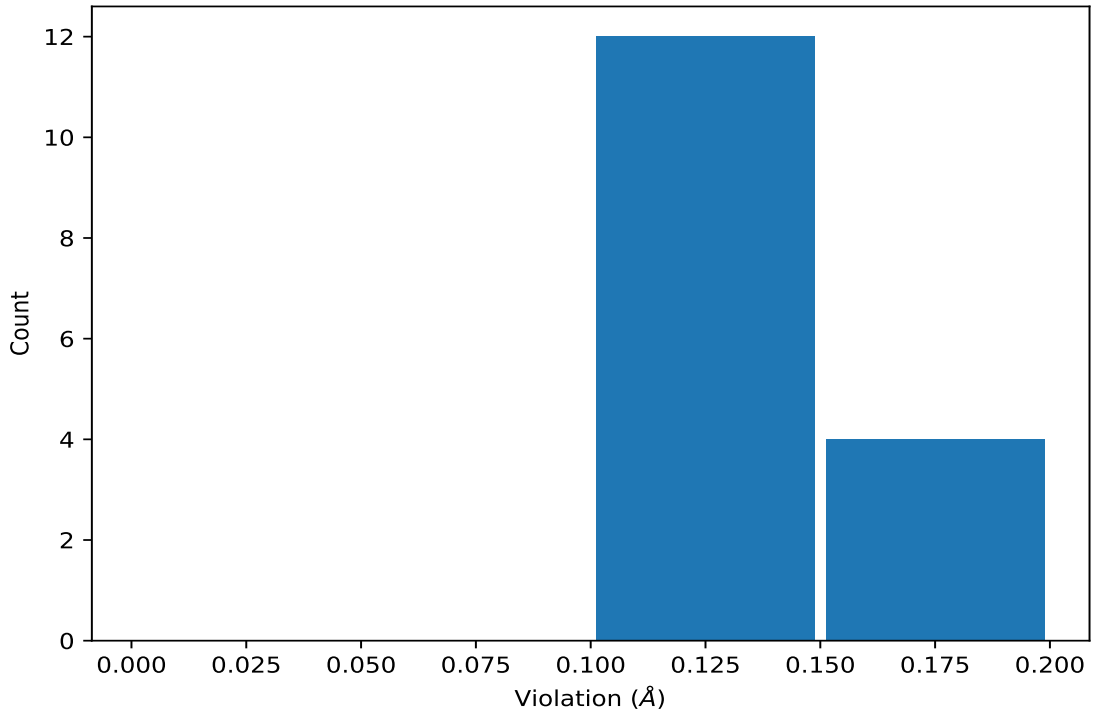
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models[1]	Mean (Å)	SD[1] (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,309)	2:A:16:GLU:HG2	2:A:16:GLU:HB3	6	0.16	0.0	0.16
(1,971)	2:A:49:GLN:HB2	2:A:49:GLN:HG3	5	0.14	0.0	0.14
(1,972)	2:A:49:GLN:HB3	2:A:49:GLN:HG3	5	0.13	0.0	0.13

[1]Number of violated models, [2]Standard deviation

9.5 All violated distance restraints

9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



9.5.2 Table : All distance violations (i)

The following table lists the absolute value of the violation for each restraint in the ensemble sorted by its value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,309)	2:A:16:GLU:HG2	2:A:16:GLU:HB3	1	0.16
(1,309)	2:A:16:GLU:HG2	2:A:16:GLU:HB3	5	0.16
(1,309)	2:A:16:GLU:HG2	2:A:16:GLU:HB3	18	0.16
(1,309)	2:A:16:GLU:HG2	2:A:16:GLU:HB3	19	0.16
(1,309)	2:A:16:GLU:HG2	2:A:16:GLU:HB3	7	0.15
(1,309)	2:A:16:GLU:HG2	2:A:16:GLU:HB3	13	0.15
(1,971)	2:A:49:GLN:HB2	2:A:49:GLN:HG3	1	0.14
(1,971)	2:A:49:GLN:HB2	2:A:49:GLN:HG3	4	0.14
(1,971)	2:A:49:GLN:HB2	2:A:49:GLN:HG3	11	0.14
(1,971)	2:A:49:GLN:HB2	2:A:49:GLN:HG3	14	0.14
(1,971)	2:A:49:GLN:HB2	2:A:49:GLN:HG3	15	0.14
(1,972)	2:A:49:GLN:HB3	2:A:49:GLN:HG3	1	0.13
(1,972)	2:A:49:GLN:HB3	2:A:49:GLN:HG3	4	0.13
(1,972)	2:A:49:GLN:HB3	2:A:49:GLN:HG3	11	0.13
(1,972)	2:A:49:GLN:HB3	2:A:49:GLN:HG3	14	0.13
(1,972)	2:A:49:GLN:HB3	2:A:49:GLN:HG3	15	0.13

10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis

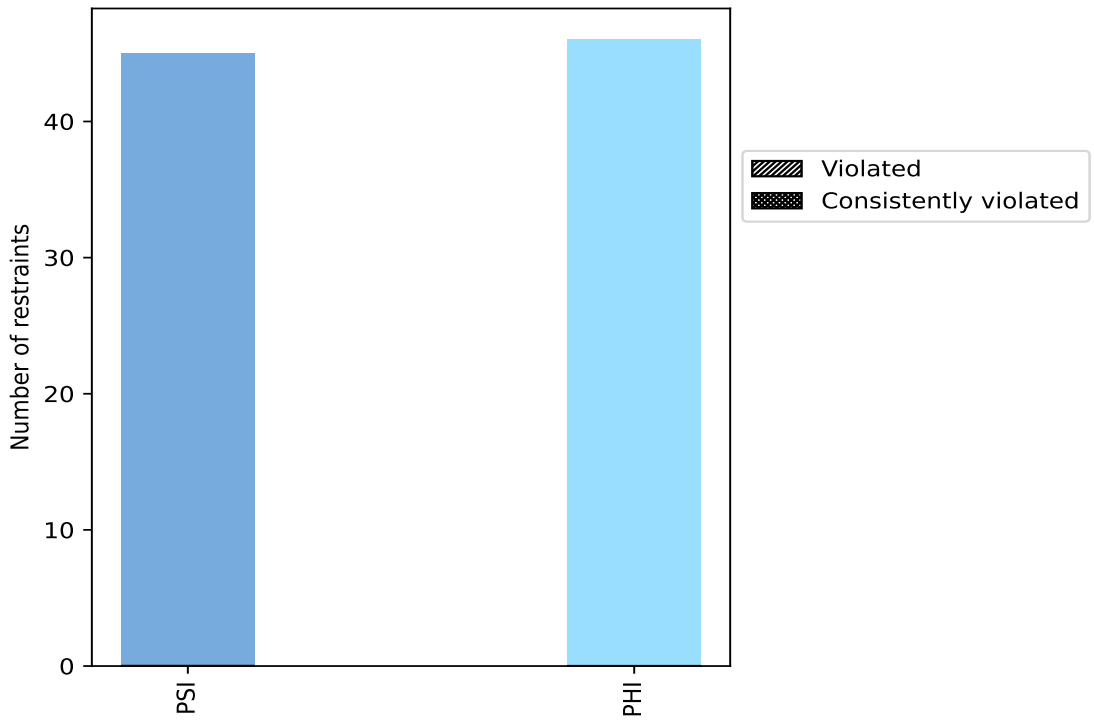
10.1 Summary of dihedral-angle violations

The following table provides the summary of dihedral-angle violations in different dihedral-angle types. Violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Angle type	Count	%[1]	Violated[3]			Consistently Violated[4]		
			Count	%[2]	%[1]	Count	%[2]	%[1]
PSI	45	49.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PHI	46	50.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	91	100.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

[1] percentage calculated with respect to total number of dihedral-angle restraints, [2] percentage calculated with respect to number of restraints in a particular dihedral-angle type, [3] violated in at least one model, [4] violated in all the models

10.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of dihedral-angles and violations



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories

10.2 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model (i)

No violations found

10.3 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

No violations found

10.4 Most violated dihedral-angle restraints in the ensemble (i)

No violations found

10.5 All violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

No violations found