



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Dec 8, 2020 – 05:02 AM EST

PDB ID : 3IY5
EMDB ID : EMD-5110
Title : Variable domains of the mouse Fab (1AIF) fitted into the cryoEM reconstruction of the virus-Fab 16 complex
Authors : Hafenstein, S.; Bowman, V.D.; Sun, T.; Nelson, C.D.; Palermo, L.M.; Chipman, P.R.; Battisti, A.J.; Parrish, C.R.; Rossmann, M.G.
Deposited on : 2009-04-09
Resolution : 18.00 Å (reported)
Based on initial model : 1AIF

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.0.dev61
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.15.1

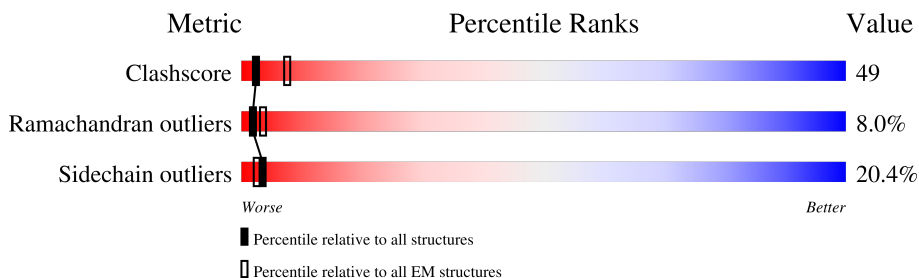
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 18.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	108	
2	B	122	

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1785 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called antibody fragment IGG2A (light chain).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	108	817	514	130	169	4	0	0

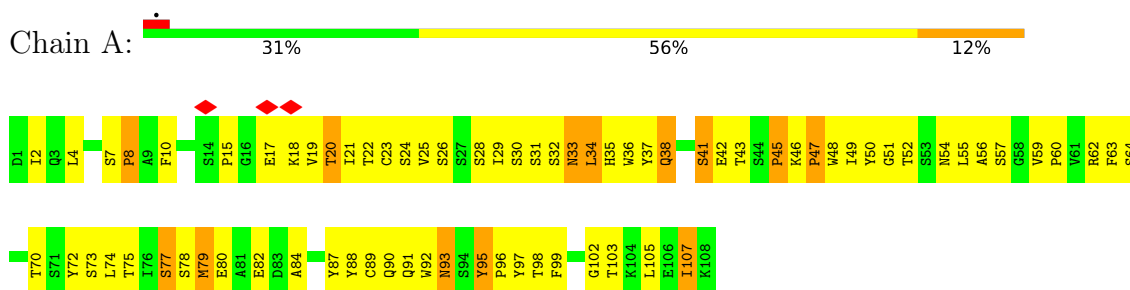
- Molecule 2 is a protein called antibody fragment IGG2A (heavy chain).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	B	122	968	617	162	184	5	0	0

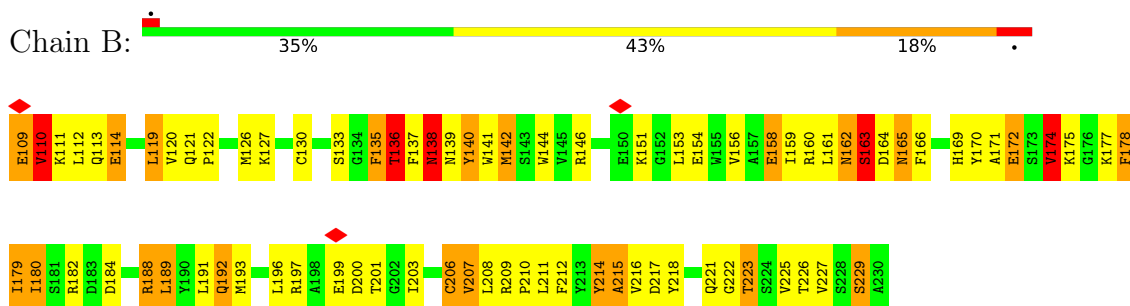
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: antibody fragment IGG2A (light chain)



- Molecule 2: antibody fragment IGG2A (heavy chain)



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, I	Depositor
Number of particles used	2084	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.5 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	robem	Depositor
Microscope	FEI/PHILIPS CM300FEG/T	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	37.70	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	0.4	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	4.8	Depositor
Magnification	47190	Depositor
Image detector	KODAK SO-163 FILM	Depositor
Maximum map value	5.866	Depositor
Minimum map value	-3.036	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	1.000	Depositor
Recommended contour level	1.0	Depositor
Map size (\AA)	529.92004, 529.92004, 529.92004	wwPDB
Map dimensions	184, 184, 184	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (\AA)	2.8800004, 2.8800004, 2.8800004	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$
1	A	0.98	0/839	1.03	1/1142 (0.1%)
2	B	1.05	4/992 (0.4%)	1.20	5/1342 (0.4%)
All	All	1.02	4/1831 (0.2%)	1.13	6/2484 (0.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	B	0	1

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	172	GLU	CB-CG	6.57	1.64	1.52
2	B	172	GLU	CG-CD	5.64	1.60	1.51
2	B	138	ASN	CB-CG	5.30	1.63	1.51
2	B	121	GLN	CG-CD	5.03	1.62	1.51

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	136	THR	N-CA-C	-7.58	90.55	111.00
1	A	34	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.68	130.67	115.30
2	B	211	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-6.11	101.24	115.30
2	B	184	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.69	123.42	118.30
2	B	188	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.23	117.69	120.30
2	B	184	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-5.04	113.76	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	B	140	TYR	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	817	0	773	75	0
2	B	968	0	929	102	0
All	All	1785	0	1702	172	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 49.

All (172) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:156:VAL:HG13	2:B:174:VAL:HG11	1.34	1.07
1:A:15:PRO:HG3	1:A:107:ILE:HD11	1.41	1.01
1:A:4:LEU:HD23	1:A:23:CYS:SG	2.10	0.90
2:B:161:LEU:O	2:B:161:LEU:HG	1.73	0.88
2:B:159:ILE:HB	2:B:180:ILE:HG12	1.55	0.86
2:B:209:ARG:HD2	2:B:210:PRO:HD2	1.55	0.86
1:A:50:TYR:O	1:A:54:ASN:HB2	1.75	0.86
1:A:92:TRP:HA	1:A:97:TYR:CD1	2.11	0.86
1:A:38:GLN:HG3	1:A:87:TYR:CE2	2.12	0.85
1:A:49:ILE:HG23	1:A:54:ASN:O	1.77	0.85
2:B:112:LEU:HD23	2:B:206:CYS:SG	2.16	0.84
1:A:31:SER:HA	1:A:72:TYR:HE2	1.46	0.80
2:B:144:TRP:CD1	2:B:191:LEU:HD13	2.17	0.80
2:B:182:ARG:HB2	2:B:189:LEU:HA	1.65	0.78
2:B:201:THR:HG23	2:B:226:THR:HA	1.65	0.78
1:A:74:LEU:HD23	1:A:75:THR:N	1.98	0.78
2:B:141:TRP:CE2	2:B:209:ARG:HB3	2.20	0.77
2:B:162:ASN:O	2:B:163:SER:HB2	1.84	0.77
2:B:109:GLU:O	2:B:110:VAL:HG13	1.86	0.76
2:B:142:MET:SD	2:B:182:ARG:NH1	2.59	0.75
1:A:4:LEU:HD11	1:A:91:GLN:HB2	1.67	0.74

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:50:TYR:CD1	2:B:216:VAL:HB	2.23	0.74
2:B:127:LYS:NZ	2:B:192:GLN:HG3	2.05	0.72
2:B:158:GLU:HG2	2:B:159:ILE:O	1.89	0.72
1:A:36:TRP:HB2	1:A:49:ILE:HB	1.73	0.71
2:B:141:TRP:CZ2	2:B:209:ARG:HB3	2.26	0.71
2:B:209:ARG:NH1	2:B:216:VAL:HA	2.07	0.70
2:B:182:ARG:HD2	2:B:189:LEU:HB2	1.75	0.69
2:B:146:ARG:HG2	2:B:156:VAL:CG2	2.23	0.68
2:B:210:PRO:HB2	2:B:212:PHE:CE1	2.29	0.68
1:A:8:PRO:O	1:A:103:THR:HG23	1.94	0.68
1:A:4:LEU:HD23	1:A:89:CYS:SG	2.34	0.67
2:B:135:PHE:C	2:B:135:PHE:CD1	2.68	0.66
2:B:196:LEU:HD22	2:B:200:ASP:HB2	1.77	0.66
1:A:31:SER:HA	1:A:72:TYR:CE2	2.29	0.66
2:B:209:ARG:HB2	2:B:217:ASP:HB3	1.78	0.66
2:B:119:LEU:HB2	2:B:226:THR:HB	1.77	0.65
2:B:141:TRP:O	2:B:142:MET:HG2	1.97	0.65
2:B:161:LEU:O	2:B:163:SER:N	2.31	0.64
2:B:209:ARG:HB2	2:B:217:ASP:CB	2.27	0.64
1:A:21:ILE:CG2	1:A:103:THR:HG21	2.28	0.63
2:B:180:ILE:HA	2:B:191:LEU:HD12	1.81	0.63
1:A:50:TYR:HE1	1:A:56:ALA:HA	1.63	0.62
2:B:139:ASN:OD1	2:B:162:ASN:O	2.16	0.62
1:A:21:ILE:HG13	1:A:21:ILE:O	2.00	0.61
2:B:177:LYS:C	2:B:178:PHE:HD1	2.03	0.61
2:B:111:LYS:HB2	2:B:133:SER:HB3	1.83	0.60
1:A:41:SER:O	1:A:42:GLU:HB2	2.01	0.60
1:A:62:ARG:NH1	1:A:80:GLU:HB2	2.16	0.60
2:B:135:PHE:HE2	2:B:140:TYR:CD2	2.19	0.60
1:A:33:ASN:ND2	1:A:92:TRP:O	2.35	0.60
1:A:45:PRO:HG2	2:B:153:LEU:HD21	1.82	0.60
2:B:207:VAL:HG23	2:B:218:TYR:O	2.01	0.60
2:B:209:ARG:HD2	2:B:210:PRO:CD	2.31	0.59
1:A:20:THR:HA	1:A:74:LEU:O	2.02	0.59
2:B:135:PHE:CZ	2:B:182:ARG:NH2	2.71	0.59
2:B:179:ILE:HD12	2:B:180:ILE:O	2.02	0.58
1:A:2:ILE:HD11	1:A:96:PRO:HD2	1.84	0.58
1:A:19:VAL:O	1:A:75:THR:HA	2.04	0.58
1:A:20:THR:HB	1:A:75:THR:OG1	2.03	0.58
1:A:21:ILE:HG22	1:A:103:THR:HG21	1.86	0.57
1:A:90:GLN:NE2	1:A:99:PHE:CZ	2.72	0.57

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:140:TYR:CE2	2:B:161:LEU:HD22	2.39	0.57
1:A:24:SER:HA	1:A:70:THR:O	2.04	0.57
1:A:55:LEU:HD22	1:A:59:VAL:HG11	1.87	0.56
2:B:127:LYS:HZ2	2:B:192:GLN:HG3	1.70	0.56
2:B:127:LYS:HZ3	2:B:192:GLN:HG3	1.69	0.56
1:A:2:ILE:CD1	1:A:96:PRO:HD2	2.36	0.56
1:A:52:THR:HG23	1:A:72:TYR:HD2	1.70	0.56
1:A:88:TYR:CD2	1:A:102:GLY:HA3	2.41	0.56
2:B:175:LYS:C	2:B:177:LYS:H	2.10	0.56
2:B:142:MET:CE	2:B:182:ARG:HH11	2.18	0.56
2:B:209:ARG:HH22	2:B:214:TYR:HD1	1.54	0.56
2:B:114:GLU:HB3	2:B:130:CYS:HB3	1.89	0.55
1:A:92:TRP:HA	1:A:97:TYR:CE1	2.42	0.54
1:A:25:VAL:HG12	1:A:26:SER:H	1.73	0.54
2:B:135:PHE:O	2:B:135:PHE:HD1	1.91	0.54
2:B:137:PHE:O	2:B:138:ASN:C	2.45	0.54
1:A:33:ASN:HD22	1:A:92:TRP:C	2.12	0.53
2:B:137:PHE:O	2:B:139:ASN:N	2.42	0.53
2:B:113:GLN:O	2:B:130:CYS:HA	2.10	0.52
2:B:140:TYR:HA	2:B:210:PRO:HA	1.90	0.52
2:B:151:LYS:HE2	2:B:154:GLU:CB	2.40	0.52
2:B:140:TYR:CD1	2:B:141:TRP:N	2.78	0.52
1:A:82:GLU:OE1	1:A:82:GLU:N	2.43	0.52
2:B:135:PHE:O	2:B:135:PHE:CD1	2.63	0.51
2:B:178:PHE:N	2:B:178:PHE:CD1	2.79	0.51
1:A:21:ILE:HG21	1:A:103:THR:HG21	1.93	0.51
2:B:136:THR:O	2:B:136:THR:CG2	2.58	0.51
2:B:165:ASN:CG	2:B:166:PHE:H	2.13	0.51
1:A:95:TYR:CE2	2:B:169:HIS:HB2	2.45	0.51
1:A:74:LEU:HD23	1:A:74:LEU:C	2.32	0.51
1:A:90:GLN:OE1	1:A:92:TRP:CZ2	2.64	0.51
2:B:130:CYS:SG	2:B:189:LEU:HD12	2.51	0.51
1:A:2:ILE:HD12	1:A:96:PRO:O	2.12	0.50
2:B:140:TYR:HD1	2:B:141:TRP:N	2.09	0.50
1:A:79:MET:SD	1:A:105:LEU:HD21	2.51	0.50
1:A:50:TYR:CG	2:B:216:VAL:HB	2.46	0.50
2:B:141:TRP:HE1	2:B:209:ARG:HG3	1.77	0.50
1:A:25:VAL:HG12	1:A:26:SER:N	2.27	0.50
1:A:92:TRP:CE3	1:A:97:TYR:CD2	2.99	0.49
2:B:110:VAL:HG21	2:B:218:TYR:CD2	2.47	0.49
2:B:151:LYS:HE2	2:B:154:GLU:HB3	1.94	0.49

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:72:TYR:N	1:A:72:TYR:CD1	2.80	0.49
2:B:177:LYS:C	2:B:178:PHE:CD1	2.85	0.49
2:B:209:ARG:NH1	2:B:215:ALA:O	2.45	0.49
1:A:21:ILE:HD11	1:A:74:LEU:HD13	1.93	0.49
1:A:35:HIS:CD2	1:A:92:TRP:NE1	2.81	0.49
1:A:55:LEU:HD22	1:A:59:VAL:CG1	2.43	0.49
2:B:171:ALA:H	2:B:174:VAL:HG23	1.78	0.48
2:B:170:TYR:OH	2:B:180:ILE:HG22	2.13	0.48
2:B:196:LEU:HD22	2:B:200:ASP:CB	2.42	0.48
1:A:4:LEU:CD2	1:A:89:CYS:SG	3.02	0.48
2:B:180:ILE:HD11	2:B:189:LEU:HD21	1.95	0.48
2:B:144:TRP:CD1	2:B:180:ILE:HD12	2.49	0.48
2:B:141:TRP:HE1	2:B:209:ARG:CG	2.27	0.47
1:A:60:PRO:HG2	1:A:63:PHE:CE1	2.49	0.47
2:B:161:LEU:O	2:B:162:ASN:C	2.50	0.47
2:B:110:VAL:HG11	2:B:218:TYR:CG	2.50	0.47
2:B:222:GLY:O	2:B:223:THR:HG23	2.15	0.47
1:A:90:GLN:HG3	1:A:99:PHE:CD2	2.49	0.47
2:B:141:TRP:C	2:B:142:MET:HG2	2.34	0.47
1:A:34:LEU:O	1:A:51:GLY:O	2.33	0.47
2:B:179:ILE:HG13	2:B:179:ILE:O	2.15	0.46
2:B:209:ARG:NH2	2:B:215:ALA:O	2.48	0.46
2:B:144:TRP:CZ2	2:B:189:LEU:HD13	2.50	0.46
1:A:30:SER:O	1:A:31:SER:C	2.53	0.45
2:B:140:TYR:C	2:B:140:TYR:CD1	2.90	0.45
2:B:142:MET:SD	2:B:208:LEU:HB2	2.56	0.45
1:A:34:LEU:HG	1:A:72:TYR:CD2	2.51	0.45
1:A:91:GLN:NE2	1:A:97:TYR:HA	2.32	0.45
1:A:50:TYR:CE1	1:A:56:ALA:HA	2.49	0.45
2:B:210:PRO:HB2	2:B:212:PHE:CD1	2.51	0.45
1:A:19:VAL:O	1:A:75:THR:HG23	2.16	0.45
2:B:162:ASN:O	2:B:163:SER:CB	2.61	0.45
2:B:141:TRP:NE1	2:B:209:ARG:CG	2.80	0.45
2:B:146:ARG:HG2	2:B:156:VAL:HG23	1.95	0.45
2:B:177:LYS:HB2	2:B:178:PHE:CD1	2.52	0.44
1:A:90:GLN:HG3	1:A:99:PHE:CE2	2.53	0.44
2:B:210:PRO:HG2	2:B:212:PHE:HD1	1.83	0.44
1:A:2:ILE:O	1:A:98:THR:HG21	2.18	0.44
1:A:23:CYS:N	1:A:72:TYR:O	2.48	0.44
1:A:35:HIS:CD2	1:A:92:TRP:HE1	2.35	0.44
2:B:161:LEU:CG	2:B:161:LEU:O	2.52	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:209:ARG:NH1	2:B:216:VAL:CA	2.80	0.44
1:A:29:ILE:HB	1:A:93:ASN:OD1	2.18	0.43
1:A:62:ARG:HB2	1:A:77:SER:HB2	2.00	0.43
2:B:136:THR:HG22	2:B:136:THR:O	2.18	0.43
1:A:92:TRP:HE3	1:A:97:TYR:CD2	2.36	0.43
1:A:17:GLU:HG2	1:A:18:LYS:H	1.83	0.43
2:B:210:PRO:CB	2:B:212:PHE:CE1	2.98	0.43
1:A:29:ILE:HD12	1:A:30:SER:O	2.18	0.43
2:B:209:ARG:CZ	2:B:215:ALA:O	2.67	0.42
1:A:38:GLN:O	1:A:46:LYS:HB3	2.20	0.42
1:A:41:SER:O	1:A:42:GLU:CB	2.63	0.42
2:B:126:MET:O	2:B:192:GLN:HG2	2.19	0.42
2:B:209:ARG:NH2	2:B:214:TYR:HD1	2.18	0.42
1:A:52:THR:HG22	1:A:52:THR:O	2.19	0.42
2:B:119:LEU:HA	2:B:226:THR:O	2.19	0.42
2:B:142:MET:CE	2:B:182:ARG:NH1	2.82	0.42
1:A:37:TYR:HE2	1:A:90:GLN:OE1	2.03	0.42
2:B:122:PRO:HD3	2:B:229:SER:HA	2.01	0.42
2:B:141:TRP:CZ2	2:B:209:ARG:CB	3.00	0.41
1:A:90:GLN:CD	1:A:99:PHE:CZ	2.94	0.41
2:B:210:PRO:CB	2:B:212:PHE:HE1	2.32	0.41
2:B:201:THR:HG23	2:B:225:VAL:O	2.21	0.41
2:B:197:ARG:C	2:B:227:VAL:HG11	2.40	0.41
1:A:22:THR:HA	1:A:73:SER:HA	2.03	0.40
1:A:92:TRP:HE3	1:A:97:TYR:CE2	2.39	0.40
2:B:182:ARG:HG3	2:B:188:ARG:O	2.21	0.40
2:B:161:LEU:C	2:B:163:SER:N	2.75	0.40
1:A:95:TYR:CE2	2:B:169:HIS:CB	3.04	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [\(i\)](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	106/108 (98%)	88 (83%)	10 (9%)	8 (8%)	1	13
2	B	120/122 (98%)	96 (80%)	14 (12%)	10 (8%)	1	12
All	All	226/230 (98%)	184 (81%)	24 (11%)	18 (8%)	2	12

All (18) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	138	ASN
2	B	162	ASN
2	B	163	SER
2	B	172	GLU
1	A	41	SER
1	A	77	SER
1	A	84	ALA
2	B	158	GLU
2	B	215	ALA
1	A	32	SER
1	A	57	SER
2	B	165	ASN
2	B	174	VAL
2	B	199	GLU
1	A	28	SER
2	B	110	VAL
1	A	47	PRO
1	A	8	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	92/92 (100%)	77 (84%)	15 (16%)	2	13
2	B	104/104 (100%)	79 (76%)	25 (24%)	0	4
All	All	196/196 (100%)	156 (80%)	40 (20%)	3	7

All (40) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	7	SER
1	A	10	PHE
1	A	20	THR
1	A	33	ASN
1	A	38	GLN
1	A	43	THR
1	A	45	PRO
1	A	47	PRO
1	A	48	TRP
1	A	64	SER
1	A	78	SER
1	A	79	MET
1	A	93	ASN
1	A	95	TYR
1	A	107	ILE
2	B	109	GLU
2	B	110	VAL
2	B	114	GLU
2	B	119	LEU
2	B	120	VAL
2	B	135	PHE
2	B	136	THR
2	B	142	MET
2	B	160	ARG
2	B	163	SER
2	B	164	ASP
2	B	174	VAL
2	B	178	PHE
2	B	179	ILE
2	B	180	ILE
2	B	189	LEU
2	B	192	GLN
2	B	193	MET
2	B	203	ILE
2	B	206	CYS
2	B	207	VAL
2	B	214	TYR
2	B	221	GLN
2	B	223	THR
2	B	229	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	33	ASN
1	A	35	HIS
1	A	39	GLN
2	B	147	GLN
2	B	194	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

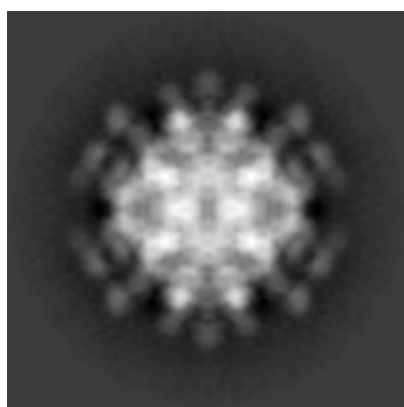
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-5110. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

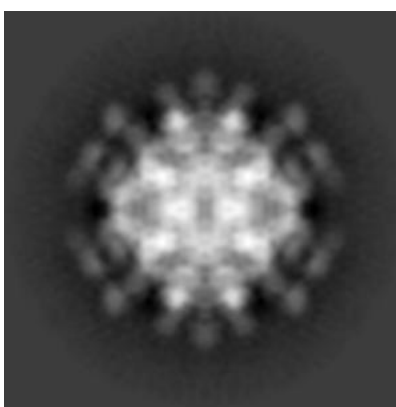
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

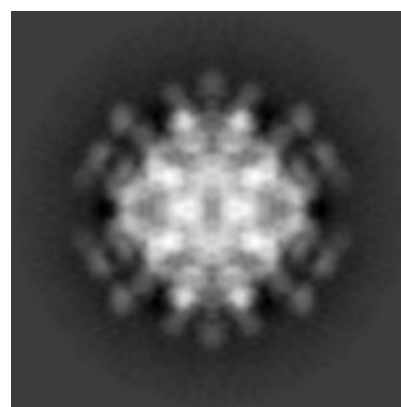
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

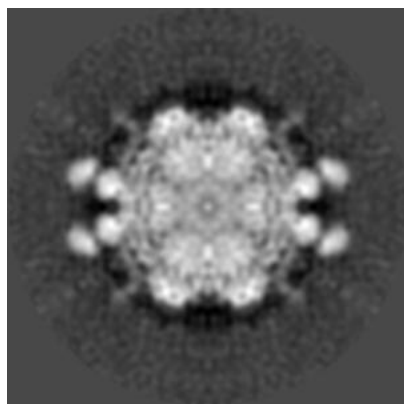


Z

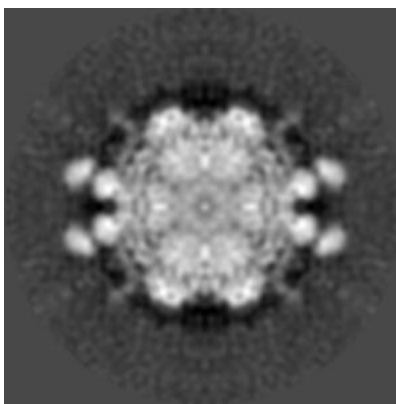
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

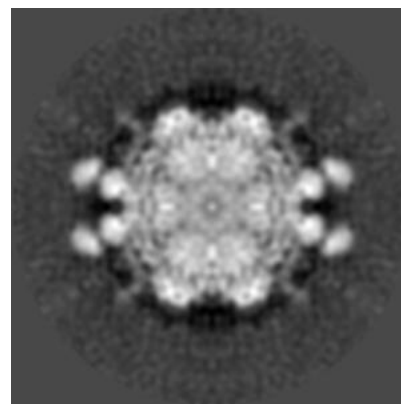
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 92



Y Index: 92

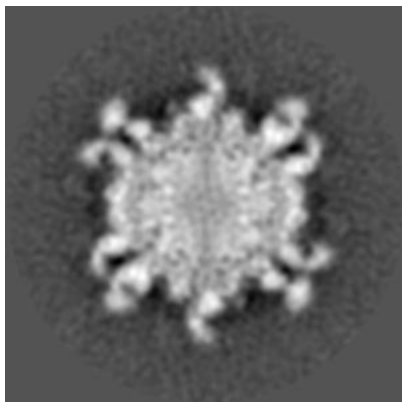


Z Index: 92

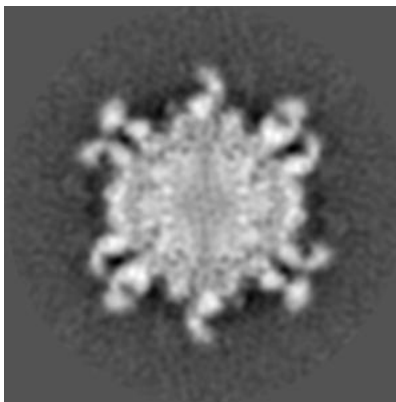
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

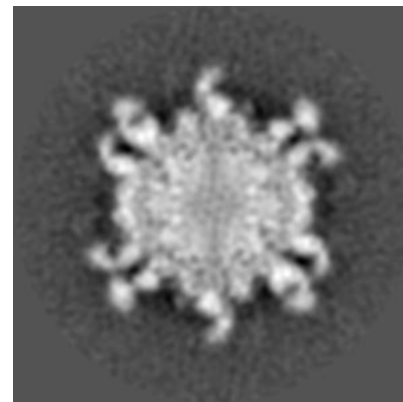
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 81



Y Index: 81

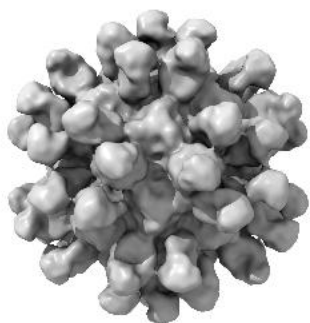


Z Index: 103

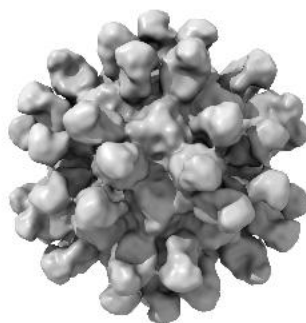
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

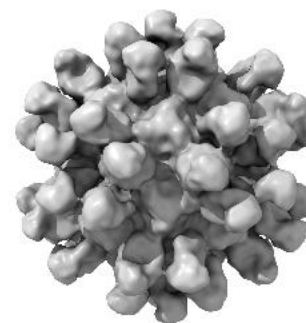
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 1.0. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

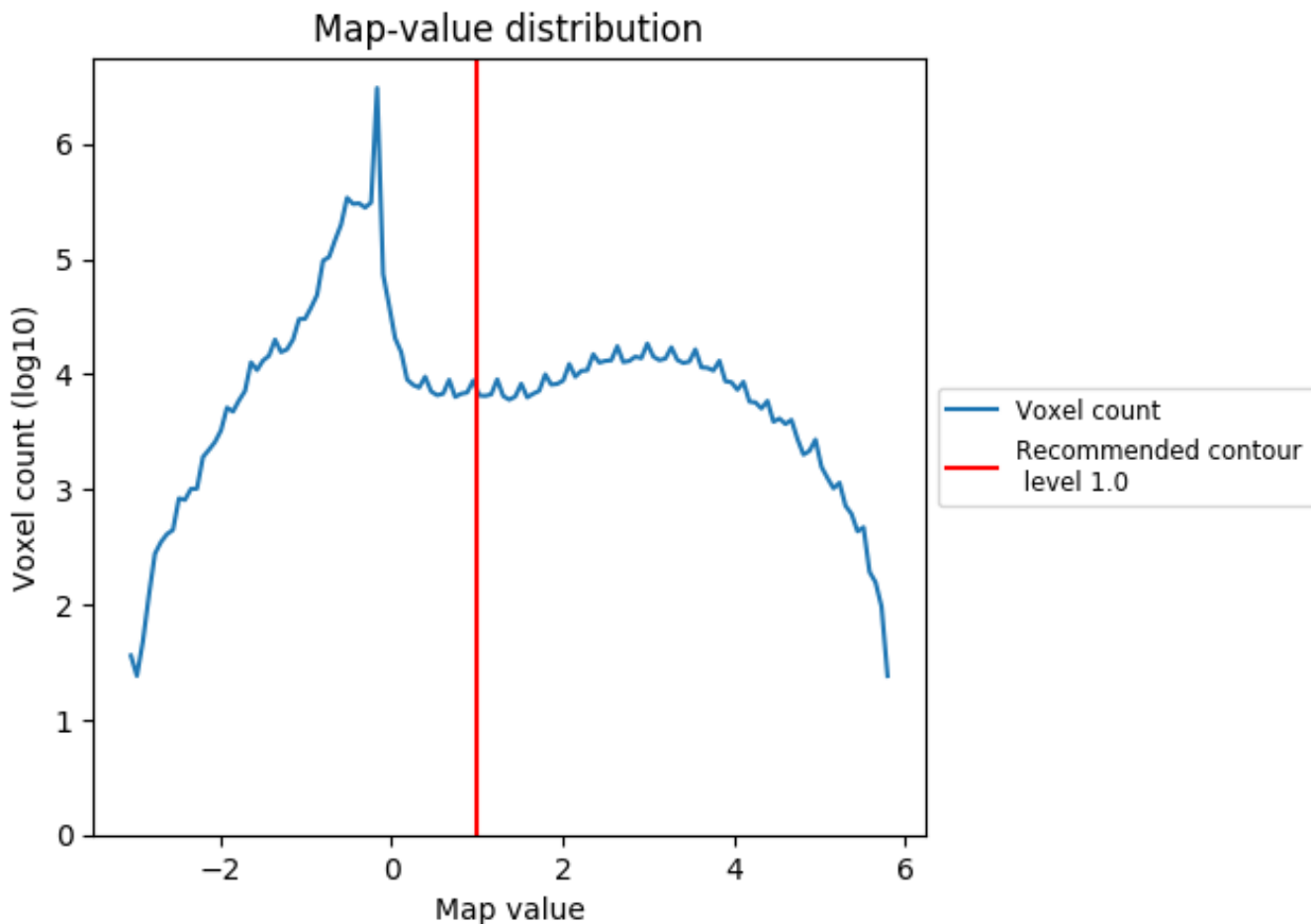
6.5 Mask visualisation

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

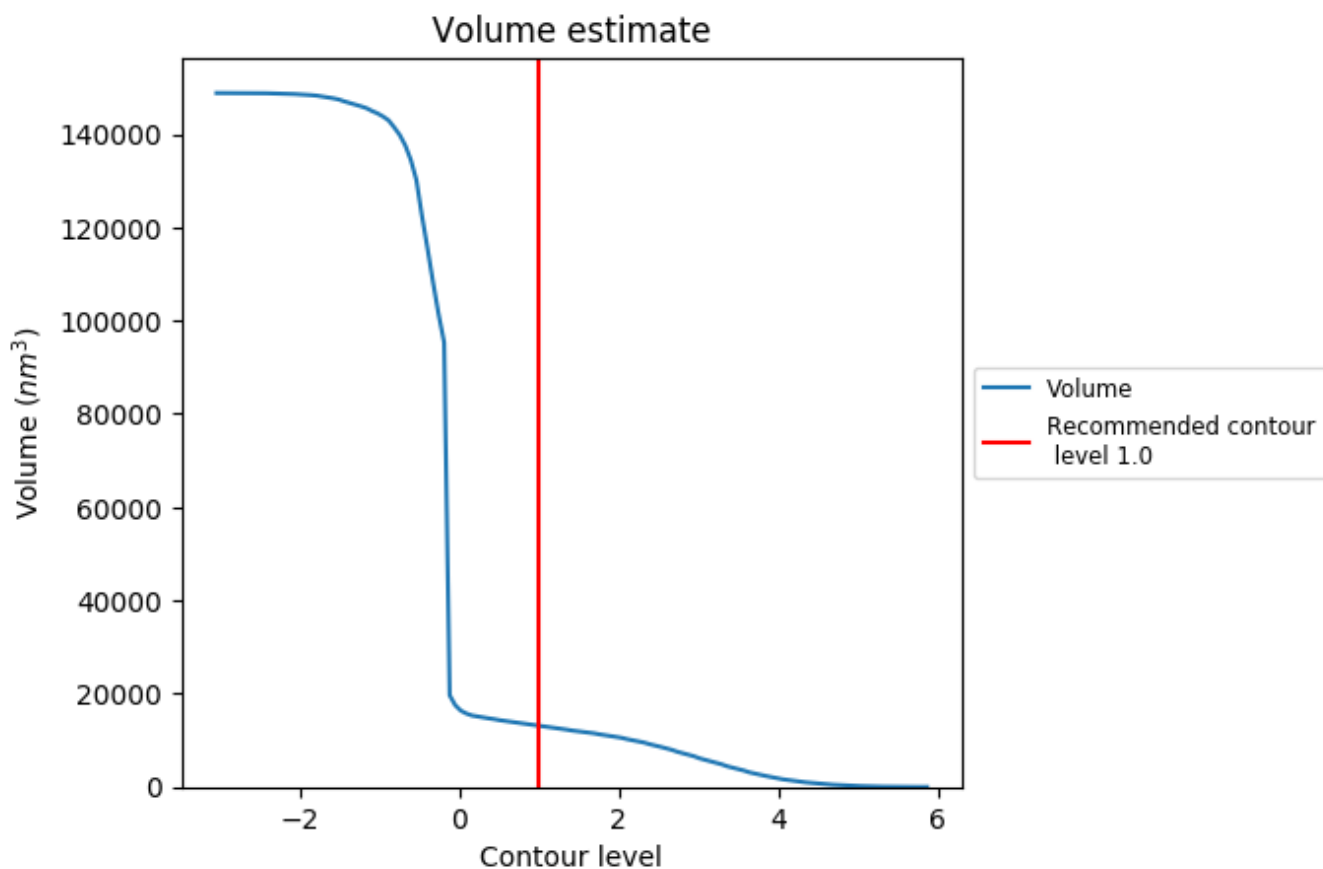
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

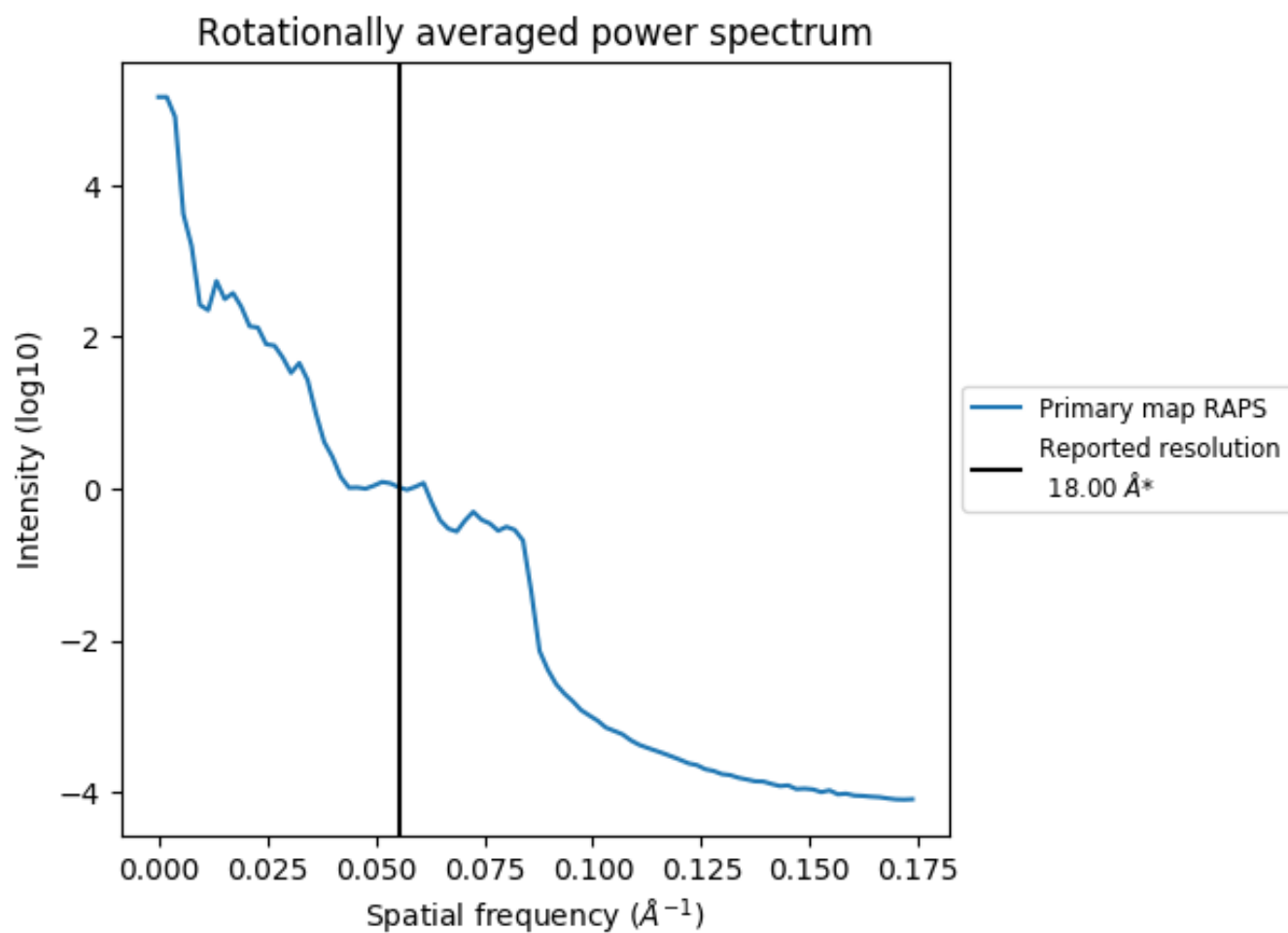
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 13143 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 11872 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.056\AA^{-1}

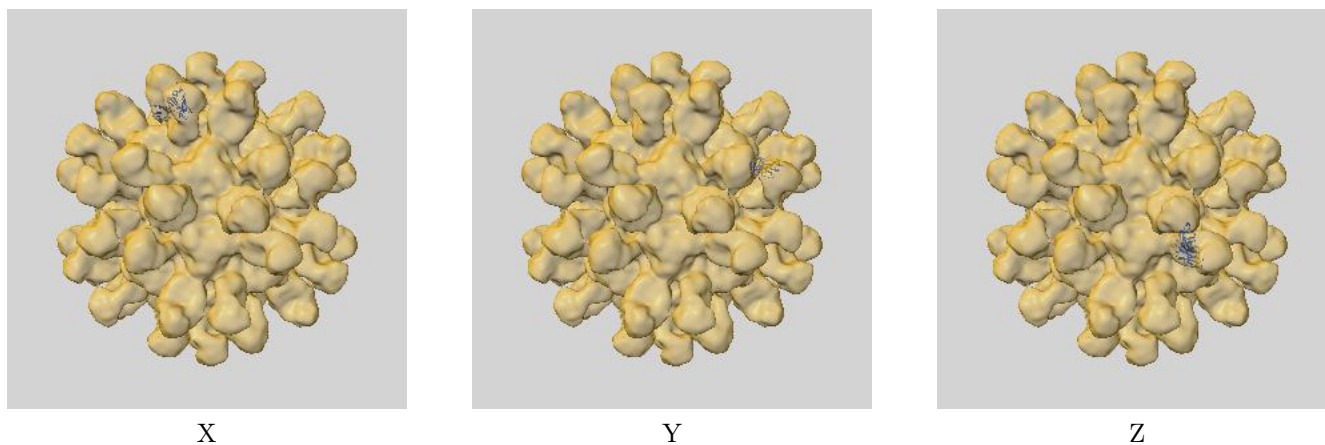
8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

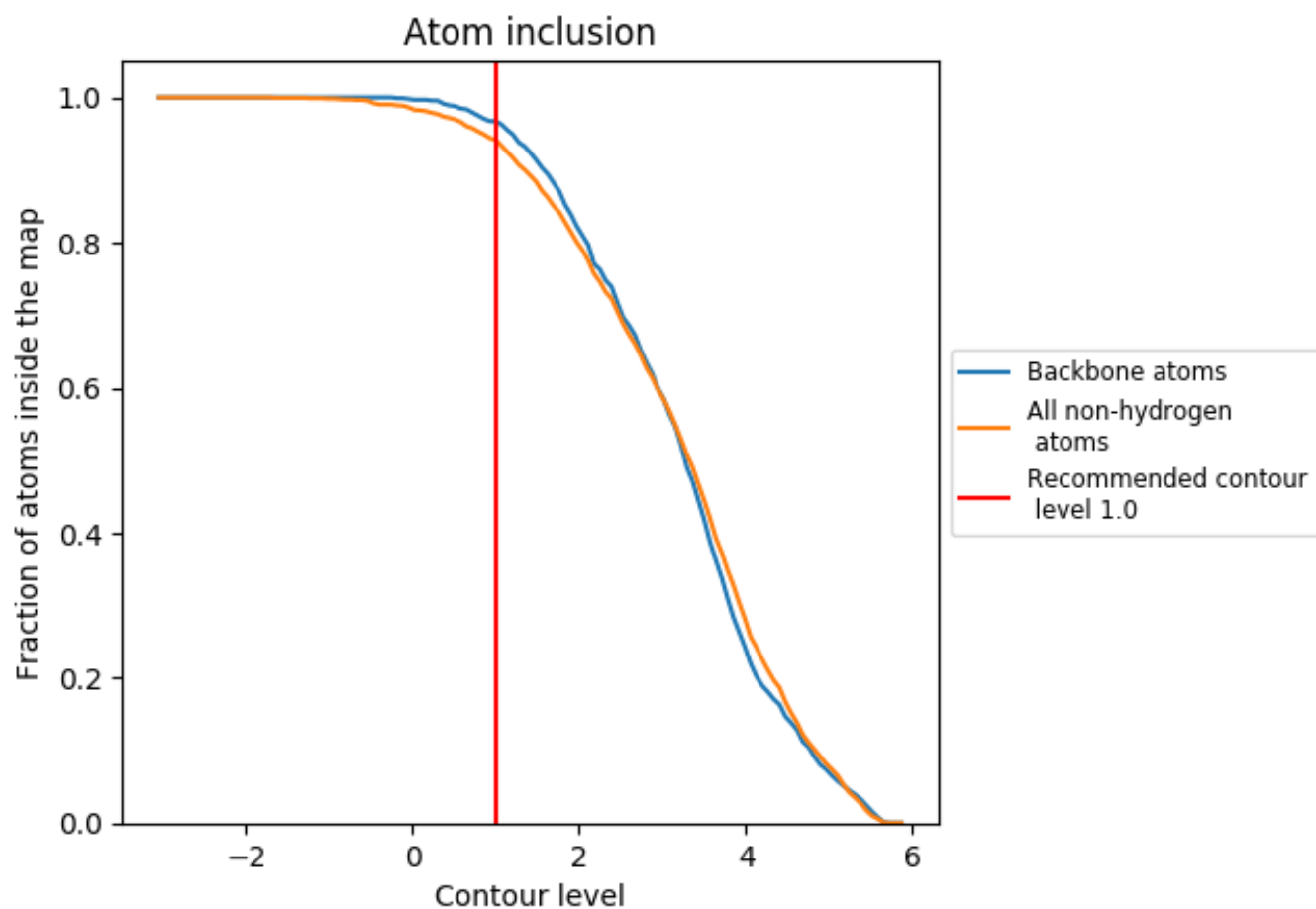
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-5110 and PDB model 3IY5. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 4.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 1.0 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 97% of all backbone atoms, 94% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.